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WHOLE NO. 2076.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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## IS TO GO ABROAD

Horse Fred Button to Race on the  
Pacific Coast.

SOLD BY MR. OUDERKIRK

High Quality Discovered by Ac-  
cident—A Road showing—Col. Par-  
ker's Miss-Jockey Club.

John Ouderkirk, the contractor, yes-  
terday sold his remarkable padding  
horse Fred Button to "Bob" Ballen-  
tyne and F. L. Dortch. It is said that  
the price was \$1500 and it is generally  
remarked amongst horsemen that the  
purchasers have secured a rare bar-  
gain. All who are interested in rac-  
ing will regret to learn that the pres-  
ent intention of Messrs. Ballentyne  
and Dortch is to send Fred Button  
to the coast and that in probability  
the famous green horse will not start  
in a race here. Men in the ranks of  
the fancy say that Fred Button, for  
use on the circuits in California, is a  
veritable gold mine. As the horse has  
no record he is eligible to events in  
which it will be simply impossible for  
him to lose. For months he will be  
able to sweep everything before him  
and when he reaches the company of  
the top notchers the present holders  
of the very best records will be in  
danger. Mr. Ouderkirk says that the  
horse will show a mile in 2:04. It was  
thought during Sunday, up to 5 o'clock  
in the afternoon, that Col. Sam'l Par-  
ker would become the owner of Fred  
Button. Col. Parker had an option on  
the horse at \$1000 and was to say yes  
or no at 5 o'clock. The Colonel was  
about five minutes late in keeping the  
engagement and in the meantime Mr.  
Ouderkirk had changed his mind about  
selling. Between Sunday evening and  
Monday morning Mr. Ouderkirk  
turned the matter over in his mind  
and decided that he had best dispose  
of the property. He was asked by  
Messrs. Ballentyne and Dortch to  
name a figure and did so. The deal  
was closed on the spot. The new own-  
ers take over all the trappings.

Fred Button is a six-year-old son of  
Alexander Button, known the world  
over as the sire of fast ones. There  
is a strong strain of thoroughbred on  
the side of the dam of Fred Button,  
giving the horse that courage so nec-  
essary for success in the harness. Fred  
Button has been in the country less  
than six months. Mr. Ouderkirk paid  
\$180 for the horse, intending to use it  
only in a driving cart. "Of course,"  
says Mr. Ouderkirk, "I knew that he  
had a license to do some traveling,  
but he was so green that he was not  
gaited at all and I never had any ser-  
ious thought that he might be a racer.  
That he did have speed was discovered  
to me quite by accident. I was driving  
out Beretania street one evening and  
the way the horse handled himself  
simply disgusted me. He didn't seem  
to be able to take three strides alike.  
He was just naturally unhandy and  
uncertain in his gait. He would trot  
and pace and canter and walk and gal-  
lop. I think I lost patience a little  
and gave him a pretty sharp cut with  
the whip. I was just beyond Thomas  
Square and I remember seeing "Jack"  
McCandless sitting on his lanai and I  
nodded and smiled to "Jack" as that  
horse sailed along at a rate that was  
simply hair-raising. He paced square-  
ly at railroad speed and I said to my-  
self that he was a prize package that  
had been wrapped up the wrong way  
and from which the label had been  
lost. I don't think yet that Button has  
ever traveled as fast as he did that  
evening when I woke him up quite by  
accident. Very soon after that I  
placed him with McManus at the track.  
Some people here can scarcely  
believe that Fred Button is a green  
horse, but I am positive of it and

there are a couple of men in town who  
have known him from colthood, and  
who know that he never had a trial of  
any sort. As Cunningham says, he is  
a horse in a thousand and the men  
who have him ought to do pretty well  
with him before giving him a fast  
mark."

Fred Button has been the wonder of  
all who have frequented or visited the  
race track. From the first he has been  
a little awkward in harness, but all  
the time it has been evident that he  
was threatened with speed of the first  
quality. With his training on his  
improved in gait till he is as true a  
pacer as ever seen here. The horse  
has responded to every call from three  
minutes down to 2:13. Gentlemen  
capable of judging say that Mr. Ouder-  
kirk's prediction of a 2:04 record for  
the horse is quite conservative.

Almost Sold Himself.

"Ned" Macfarlane had a warm de-  
sire to enliven the afternoon session  
of the Honolulu Stock Exchange yes-  
terday. He offered a favorite security  
at \$224, then at \$223. Next, just to  
show that he was willing to make a  
turn and encourage trading, he  
asked \$221 on the stock he had placed in  
the asked list \$2 more. As some one re-  
marked at the moment, Mr. Macfar-  
lane had to scale but a trifle to go on  
record as making a deal with himself.  
"Bid" and "asked" are the same on  
a couple of stocks handled on "Change."  
The explanation of this is that the  
blocks offered and the blocks desired  
are of different sizes. For instance,  
one dealer wanted thirty shares of Al-  
hel and was willing to pay \$18.50.  
There was a man across the table who  
would sell at \$18.50, but he could not  
break into a block of 100 shares.

The Chief's War Chest.

One of the Honolulu boys now in  
Manila as a soldier lad for Uncle Sam  
writes that he was with a party cap-  
turing a treasure believed to be the  
war chest of Aguinaldo. "We were  
very sorry," he says, "that we were  
unable to get closer to the big rebel  
himself, but we may have better luck  
in the future. The box that we hap-  
pened on was fully identified as part  
of the personal baggage of the rebel  
who is giving all so much trouble. It  
contained nearly 25,000 Mexican dol-  
lars, which is quite an amount of  
money for this country. I suppose  
that the people of the Islands, the  
same as one of the folk in the States,  
think we get a share of treasure, or  
loot. Not a bit of it. Everything must  
be turned in. Men have been severely  
punished when detected in trying to  
get away with ever so little. The  
army leaders seem to want the corps  
to make a reputation for honesty."

Good Advertising Matter.

The first of the advertising matter  
to be issued by the Toyo Kisen Kaisha  
line of steamers has been received by  
the local agents, H. Hackfeld & Co. It  
is a well-printed book of over 100  
pages, in which are many cuts showing  
typical scenes of the various countries  
touched by this line. Hawaii comes in  
for a flattering write-up, illustrated  
with a number of views. One of the  
prettiest cuts in the book is that show-  
ing the Hongkong Maru. Japan, Chi-  
na and the Philippines are treated in  
an interesting manner.

New Japanese Chapel.

The new Japanese chapel at Mahiki  
was dedicated last evening. Approp-  
riate sermons were preached by Rev. O.  
H. Gulick and Rev. Okumura. There  
were about eight y people present at  
the services. The building was com-  
pleted only a few days ago. Funds  
have been supplied entirely by the Ja-  
panese Church. Services will be held  
there next Sunday morning, afternoon  
and evening.

## LINCOLN'S GETTYSBURG SPEECH.

Fourscore and seven years ago our Fathers brought forth on this  
Continent a new Nation, conceived in Liberty, and dedicated to the  
proposition that all men are created equal.

Now we are engaged in a great Civil War, testing whether that  
Nation, or any Nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long en-  
dure.

We are met on a great battlefield of that war.

We have come together to dedicate a portion of that field as a  
final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that Na-  
tion might live.

It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this.

But, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate—we cannot consecrate—  
we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men who struggled here  
have consecrated it far above our poor power to add or to detract.

The world will little note nor long remember what we say here,  
but it can never forget what they did here.

It is for us the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfin-  
ished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly ad-  
vanced.

It is, rather, for us to be here dedicated to the great task re-  
maining before us, that from these honored dead we take increased  
devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of  
devotion;

That we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died  
in vain.

That this Nation under God, shall have a new birth of Freedom.  
And that Government of the people, by the people, for the peo-  
ple, shall not perish from the Earth.

## THE CO. ARTICLES

Certificate of Incorporation of New  
Plantation.

APPROVED BY THE CABINET

Sugar and Agricultural Business—  
The Principal Original Sub-  
scribers—The Officers.

\*\*\*\*\*  
The appearance of the name  
of Edward Pollitz in the list of  
original subscribers to the  
stock of the McBryde Sugar  
Company marks the advent of  
outside capital in plantation de-  
velopment. Heretofore all the  
investments made by non-resi-  
dents have been in the settled,  
producing, dividend-paying en-  
terprises. Mr. Pollitz is the pio-  
neer in the matter of a coast  
man sharing in a flotation. It  
is more than likely that he will  
be followed by others. At least  
his clientele, which is not by  
any means inconsiderable, will  
have his judgment for it that  
a new plantation in the Islands  
is also an opportunity for the  
investor.

Articles of association and incorpo-  
ration of the McBryde Sugar Co., Ltd.

Be it known that Alexander H. Mc-  
Bryde and W. D. McBryde, of Wahia-  
wa, Island of Kauai, and B. F. Dilling-  
ham, D. P. R. Isenberg and F. W. Mac-  
farlane, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu,  
Hawaiian Islands, do hereby mutually  
covenant and agree with each other as  
follows:

1. That they will become associated  
and hereby do associate themselves to-  
gether as a joint stock company and  
incorporation under the laws of the Ha-  
waiian Islands for the term and upon  
the conditions hereinafter set forth.

2. That the name of the corpora-  
tion hereby agreed to be incorporated  
shall be the "McBryde Sugar Co., Ltd."

3. The term of existence of said  
corporation shall be fifty years from  
day of date hereof.

4. The place of the principal office  
of said corporation shall be at Hono-  
lulu aforesaid with a branch office on  
the Island of Kauai, on which last  
named island all meetings of the board  
of directors shall be held.

5. The purposes of the corporation  
and the object for which the same is  
formed are as follows:

To acquire from the McBryde Estate,  
Ltd., a corporation incorporated under  
the laws of the Hawaiian Islands and  
from Mrs. Elizabeth A. McBryde and  
A. Dreier certain lands in fee simple  
and under lease and other property on  
said Island of Kauai.

To plant, cultivate and raise sugar  
cane and other agricultural products,  
and the same or any of such products  
to manufacture into sugar and molas-  
ses or other products, either refined or  
unrefined, and generally to carry on a  
sugar plantation and general agri-  
cultural business, and also to conduct  
and carry on a general ranching busi-  
ness.

To acquire, construct, maintain and  
operate water rights, pumping plants,  
reservoirs, ditches, pipes, flumes, elec-  
tric and other works necessary or  
proper for the purpose of irrigation or  
otherwise on the Island of Kauai.

To do and transact any other act or  
business, agricultural, mercantile, me-  
chanical or otherwise which may be  
necessary, useful or convenient to the  
business of the corporation or to any  
portion of said business.

The amount of capital stock  
of said corporation shall be  
\$3,500,000, divided into 175,000  
shares of the par value of  
\$20 upon the privilege of any time,  
upon the vote of the stockholders of  
said corporation representing a majori-  
ty of the shares thereof, of extending  
the capital stock from time to time by  
the issuance of new shares of said par  
value, to any amount not to exceed in  
any event \$10,000,000.

The officers of said corporation shall  
be a president, vice president, secre-  
tary, treasurer and auditor, and a  
board of five directors, who shall have  
exclusive charge, control and manage-  
ment of the company's property and  
affairs, subject only to the direction of  
the stockholders.

The offices of secretary and treasur-  
er may be held by the same person.

Said officers shall hold office for the  
term of one year.

The persons to fill such offices for  
the first year shall be:

D. P. R. Isenberg, president.  
B. F. Dillingham, vice president.  
F. W. Macfarlane, secretary.  
E. E. Paxton, treasurer.  
Henry Holmes, Auditor.

Directors—Geo. H. Fairchild, Albert  
H. Wilcox, J. K. Farley, Alex. M. Mc-  
Bryde, W. D. McBryde.

9. All property of the corporation  
shall be liable for the just debts there-  
of, but no stockholder shall be indi-  
vidually liable for the debts of the cor-  
poration beyond the amount due upon  
the share or shares held or owned by  
him.

In witness whereof we have here-

unto set our hands and seals this 25th  
day of May, 1899.

ALEXANDER H. MCBRYDE,  
W. D. MCBRYDE,  
D. P. R. ISENBERG,  
B. F. DILLINGHAM,  
F. W. MACFARLANE.

In the matter of the incorporation  
of the McBryde Sugar Company, Ltd.  
D. P. R. Isenberg, president; F. W.  
Macfarlane, secretary, and E. E. Pax-  
ton, treasurer of the McBryde Sugar  
Co., Ltd., a corporation now being in-  
corporated, do severally depose and  
say:

That the amount of the capital stock  
of said corporation is \$3,500,000, divid-  
ed into 175,000 shares of the par value  
of \$20 each, \$2,500 shares being fully  
paid up stock and the balance assess-  
able stock, to be paid up in cash.

That three-fourths of the shares  
have been subscribed for and that 10  
per cent of the capital has been paid  
in, partly in cash and partly in prop-  
erty.

That the names of the subscribers  
and the number of shares taken by  
said subscribers and amounts paid in  
by them is as follows:

McBryde Estate, Ltd., and Elizabeth  
A. McBryde take 55,000 shares, which  
shares have been fully paid up and are  
non-assessable by virtue of the con-  
veyance here attached.

Benjamin F. Dillingham takes 25-  
000 shares, to be fully paid up by the  
execution and delivery of a deed to the  
company of the Eleese Plantation prop-  
erty.

The following subscribers have tak-  
en the number of shares set opposite  
their respective names and have paid  
in in cash 10 per cent of the par value  
of the shares so taken:

B. F. Dillingham ..... 25,000 shares  
A. M. McBryde ..... 2,500 shares  
W. D. McBryde ..... 2,500 shares  
D. P. R. Isenberg ..... 2,500 shares  
F. W. Macfarlane ..... 2,500 shares  
Geo. H. Fairchild ..... 2,500 shares  
Albert S. Wilcox ..... 2,500 shares  
J. K. Farley ..... 500 shares  
Edward Pollitz & Co. .... 12,500 shares

The object of incorporation is to  
take over and conduct an existing ag-  
ricultural and ranch business to-wit:  
The Eleese Sugar Plantation, The Wa-  
hiawa Ranch, and the sugar planta-  
tion of the Koloa Agricultural Co.,  
Ltd.

Five Per Cent.

The applicants for stock in the Mc-  
Bryde Sugar Company are receiving  
one-twentieth of the shares for which  
they asked. As the promoter and his  
associates had said, the apportionment  
was not known outside the company  
offices until 11 o'clock yesterday morn-  
ing. Street people made every effort  
to get advance information, but all  
such work was thwarted.

About two-thirds of the assessable  
stock that is to go to the general pub-  
lic was issued yesterday. The setting  
will continue in the same place today,  
but tomorrow and thereafter the office  
for the issuance of stock will be where  
the desk of Mr. Dillingham sits. The  
promoter and Mr. Paxton, who is in  
charge of the share books, wish all  
holding temporary receipts to call  
without delay and receive stock and  
cash balances.

The line yesterday was from the  
fourth floor down to the sidewalk in  
front of the Judd building. The ele-  
vator was full and was working all the  
time. The crowd was a big one from  
early in the morning till the close of  
the office in the afternoon. Most of  
the subscribers thought the allotment  
would be something like what it turned  
out. The eagerness for this stock  
is a keenness unsurpassed. The pre-  
mium on the assessable was last even-  
ing \$5. It will likely go somewhat  
above that figure today. The large  
blocks are still inaccessible at  
any amount so far offered. It will  
be noticed that there was a transaction  
in the stock on the Hawaiian Ex-  
change. It will be listed regularly on  
the Honolulu Exchange today or to-  
morrow.

The incorporation papers for the  
new company were not approved by  
the Government till between 9 and 10  
yesterday morning. So skillfully had  
system been applied to handling the  
great sum of money received and the  
enormous pile of applications, that the  
promoter's office was ready for busi-  
ness as advertised, and handled the  
rush nicely.

More Acreage.

About 1500 acres of additional land  
have been secured by the Olua Sugar  
Company. Negotiations are under way  
for the purchase of about 4000 acres of  
the Shipman lands. This means that  
the plantation will have over 6000  
acres at a lower elevation than was  
first proposed, and will be outside of  
the forest.

Congress of Doctors.

The society organized by physicians  
here a few years ago is again holding  
an annual convention. All members  
of the profession are welcomed to the  
meetings and papers are read and dis-  
cussed. There was a good attendance  
for the opening last evening and there  
will be meetings tonight and to-mor-  
row night.

## HE TOOK POISON

Delibrate Suicide of A. Schmeden  
of Honolulu.

HE LEFT WRITTEN EXPLANATION

Undertook to Record What Made  
Him Tired of Living—Family Jars.  
An Inquest Held.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

May 26, 1899.

"Dear Friends: If you find me dead,  
put my wife in prison. She and I  
made me take my life. Help my child  
to pray, if possible. My wife lives with  
me, and that is why I took my life."

Such was the farewell note written  
by A. Schmeden. Soon after writing  
it he gave it to the hackman and then  
proceeded to commit suicide by the use  
of carbolic acid. The deed was delib-  
erate. Twice before in the same after-  
noon he had made the attempt. The  
third time was fatal. He had finally  
succeeded in his efforts.

The man had been having trouble  
with his family for some time. Yester-  
day he beat his wife, and, under her  
complaint was arrested for assault and  
battery. Later he was released on his  
own recognizance. He immediately  
went to a drug store and purchased  
some carbolic acid. He then took a  
drive to Waikiki, returning home  
about 5 o'clock. Before his wife's  
eyes he poured some of the deadly poi-  
son into a glass. This was his second  
attempt of the day. In the morning  
he had tried to take some stuff, but  
the glass had been knocked out of his  
hands by his wife. This second time  
Rev. S. E. Bishop, who had been called  
in to do the same act as Mrs. Schmeden  
had done. After the police had an-  
swered the summons of the wife and  
had arrived upon the scene, he made  
the third and successful effort. Valiantly  
did the officer struggle with him. The  
burning acid had already been drunk  
and was seething inside him. The hand  
of death was clutching the throat out  
of which the officer was trying to  
choke the poison. In the struggle the  
fiery liquid had been spilled over the  
face of the policeman and the hands of  
the policeman, searing both. Before  
he could be taken into the hack he  
gave one last convulsive shudder, his  
eyes ablaze, and another victim had  
passed by the suicide route.

The body was at once taken to the  
police station and placed in the same  
cell that he had already occupied dur-  
ing the day. The features were tight-  
ly drawn and livid from the burning  
acid that he had spilled in his last  
desperate effort.

A. Schmeden was about 35 years old.  
He first arrived here about three years  
ago. He was formerly one of the cus-  
toms inspectors, and while in this po-  
sition he always conducted himself  
well. Over a year ago he began to  
have trouble with his wife, and went  
away to the States. About three  
months ago he again returned to Hon-  
olulu and began to work for the Elec-  
tric Co., where he was employed at  
the time of his death. He was at one  
time a member of Company F of the  
regulars, and the remains will be tak-  
en in charge by Capt. Ludewig's com-  
mand. The funeral will be held this  
afternoon.

Immediately upon hearing of the  
tragedy Deputy Marshal Chillingworth  
summoned the following jury:

C. E. Clement, A. W. Howe, William  
E. Savidge, F. L. Dortch, Fred West,  
G. J. Boissac.

After viewing the remains the fol-  
lowing witnesses were called and tes-  
timony given, and the verdict below  
returned:

C. V. Keenan—I am a druggist and  
am employed by the Hobron Drug  
company. Was on duty today. I have  
seen the body of the deceased down  
here at the station house this evening.  
I saw him at the Hobron store between  
4 and 5 o'clock this afternoon. He  
asked me for fifty cents' worth of car-  
bolic acid and I gave it to him. That  
bottle (Exhibit) looks like the one I  
gave him—a four ounce bottle. It was  
full when I gave it to him and there is  
about one-third of it left now and the  
remainder is to the best of my knowl-  
edge and belief carbolic acid. It is a  
deadly poison. About half an ounce or  
an ounce is sufficient to kill a person.  
The bottle which I gave him contained  
four ounces. The man was perfectly  
sober when he came into the store—  
that is, to all appearances. Carbolic  
acid is sold at the store nearly every

(Continued on Sixth Page.)



## NEWS FROM APIA

### The Joint Commission Proceeds to Business.

### HEARINGS ARE FREELY GRANTED

Statements of All Interested Will Be Received—Newspaper View—Mataafa to be a Witness

(From Saturday's Daily.)

APIA, Samoa, May 22.—The Herald, of this date, has the following editorially:

The Commissioners, which have been appointed by the Powers to investigate the cause of the trouble in Samoa, have arrived. They have selected offices at the International Hotel, which are most suitable for them to transact their business, being convenient to the public and yet free from any annoyance from the street. Since their arrival the English, American and German warships have supplied a guard in turn. As far as we can ascertain, the business done has consisted in interviews with several gentlemen who have expressed their views to them as to the political situation, in view of the fact that the Commissioners have expressed their desire to meet any of the residents that are in a position to give any information as to Samoa and Samoan affairs. We have also been informed that the Commissioners have received letters both from Tanu and Mataafa. These the Commissioners have replied to, but as yet no definite day has been fixed for a reception. That the Commissioners will do their best to put things on a better footing we have not the slightest doubt. They have full power. The Consuls, and all other officials, even the ships of war in the harbor are at their orders. They are in a position to deal with the question fully, and as they think necessary. We have heard that the Commission has already had several interviews with a number of gentlemen who are well acquainted with the native and his customs, and that the same are most anxious to meet others who are able to give them information, which might assist them in forming a just opinion. We hear also that the Commission is in unanimity on all points, so that we may look forward to an early settlement of the question. We would advise residents of Apia to be careful in accepting information related on the beach as to the doings of the Commission, as it is not always reliable and very often injurious to the good they may be doing. That the question of the welfare alone of Samoa and Samoans is the desire of the Three Treaty Powers we very much doubt, as it has got beyond that, and the question has become one of prestige of a nation, so that we in Samoa cannot hope that this Commission will be able to give all that is required to make Samoa an island where capital will find security, our opinion being that until such time that one Power has the control, no capital will be invested in the island, and we hold the opinion that no patching up of the present Treaty will be a success, under any circumstance.

Passengers on the Alameda, which arrived last night, reported that the Commission had commenced work and was holding daily sittings. Conferences, they said, had already been held with Chief Justice Chambers, German Consul Rose and King Maileota Tanu. An embassy has also been sent to Mataafa inviting him to appear before the Commission. He had accepted and was to comply with the request on the Monday following the Alameda's sailing. A guard of honor consisting of a boat from each of the warships was to escort him on board the Badger, where the conference was to be held.

The passengers report that everything is quiet and a speedy solution of the difficulties is expected. Prior to the Alameda's sailing the Philadelphia had received sailing orders, presumably for Honolulu, and the Bruus was to sail for Guam. H. B. M. Royalist had left Apia.

### LAWN FETE.

### Gleaners Scored Their Usual Annual Success.

The annual Gleaners' Lawn Party of Saturday afternoon was the event of last week. It was an unqualified success socially and financially. The grounds of the W. R. Castle place in Makiki were thronged from 2 to 5. Outside were scores of carriages. The lawn had been carefully prepared for the fete. The booths were attractively arranged, and the general appearance of the place was inviting in the extreme. The weather was pleasant, there being a delightful breeze. There was music by the Government band the entire afternoon. One of the principal features of the festival was the palmistry camp. The readings have been popularized by this paper, and the services of the adept engaged for the occasion were in demand every minute. Her interpretations were said to be quite exact and entirely happy. One customer, however, could only remember that she had been told that she had a pretty hand. There was a big run on tamales at Mrs. Fuller's headquarters, and a good portion of the

town is stocked with candy for a week at least. Lemonade was consumed in a prodigious manner and the flower sales were heavy. Ice cream was a favorite. There were good sales of Hawaiian curios and dinner cards. The Gleaners did well in every way and will have a full lawn again next year. Those in the various departments were:

Dinner Cards—Mrs. Belle Jones, Mrs. D. H. Case, Mrs. H. E. Coleman. Hawaiian Souvenirs—Miss Harriet Lewers, Mrs. J. Shaw, Miss Ward. Candy Table—Mrs. W. E. Brown, Mrs. C. H. Atherton, Miss Charlotte Hall.

Flower Table—The Misses Paly, Mrs. F. A. Potter, Miss May Kluegel. Ice Cream Booth—Mrs. C. B. Damon, Mrs. A. W. Pearson, Mrs. H. H. Williams, Mrs. C. H. Kluegel, Mrs. Clark, Miss Parkes.

Tamales—Mrs. A. Fuller. Palmistry—Mrs. Spear. Entertainment—Illustrated ballad—The Misses Hitchcock, Miss Ada Whitney.

## FROM W. D. SMITH

### Returns Thanks and Pays Police a Tribute.

Experience as Head of the Department—Trying Duties of the Men. Perilous Service Performed.

The subjoined note was received at the office of the Marshal yesterday:

Honolulu, H. I., May 25, 1899. Arthur M. Brown, Esq., Marshal, Hawaiian Is., City.

My Dear Sir:—It is with feelings of the highest appreciation that I acknowledge the receipt of the beautiful and costly gift of the officers of the Police Department.

I thank you and your officers for this token of regard.

During the years that I have had the honor of being at the head of the Department I have had opportunity to become acquainted with the details of the duties and responsibilities of the officers, and retire from the service with great respect for faithful police and prison officers.

While every intelligent citizen has a general knowledge of the work required of such officers, only those who have to do with the work can fully appreciate what is required of them. The trials, exactions and temptations of the service test character more than is generally understood.

While public attention is occasionally called to some special incident, but little is known of the self-denying and often arduous, and sometimes perilous, service which is demanded.

It will ever be a pleasure to remember the relations which have existed between myself and the officers of the Department in Honolulu and on each of the Islands, and the work which we together endeavored to perform.

With best wishes for the individual officers and for the service, and thanking you all again, I remain, respectfully yours,

(Sgd.) WILLIAM O. SMITH.

### PYTHIAN MEMORIAL DAY.

### Impressive Services Held at the Castle Hall.

The Pythian Castle hall on Fort street was filled yesterday afternoon for the special memorial services of the order. The affair was in charge of a joint committee of Oahu and Mystic lodges. At the hall there were conducted the beautiful and impressive services of the Knights of Pythias. H. E. Walty, deputy supreme chancellor, presided. His assistants were: George Ward, chancellor commander of Oahu Lodge, as vice-chancellor; H. J. Gallagher, of Mystic Lodge, as prelate, and George Dall, P. C. of Oahu Lodge, as master of work. The attendance included friends of the order, visiting brethren and members of the families of Knights.

The oration of the day was by Dr. A. N. Sinclair, prelate of Oahu Lodge, and was a thoughtful and appropriate effort, well delivered. At the conclusion of the exercises in the hall the Knights proceeded to Nuanu Cemetery, where the graves of all Pythians who have gone before were decorated with flowers and vines.

This memorial day observance is now established with the Pythians of Honolulu, and will be an annual affair. A feature of the service in the hall was the music under the direction of Wray Taylor. The quartette singing was fine. It was by Misses Hart and von Holt and Judge Stanley and Charles A. Elston.

### WHOOPIING COUGH.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house.—J. L. Moore, South Burgettstown, Pa. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents for H. I., and all druggists and dealers.

## PAIR OF PAKES

### Committed a Robbery and Were Pounded Out.

### ONE PLAYED DEAD MAN

Dr. H. V. Murray's Safe Looted—The Burglar Was Captured by a Quite Unusual Plan.

(From Monday's Daily.)

One of the cleverest pieces of detective work done in this city for a long time was accomplished yesterday by Deputy Marshal Chillingworth. In the morning Dr. H. V. Murray visited the station and reported that during the night his room had been entered and between \$200 and \$300 taken from the safe. He had no idea who had done this and notified the authorities merely as a matter of form.

With no further knowledge than that the theft had been committed Chillingworth began his hunt for the thief. He first made inquiries as to the whereabouts of Ah Hin, the Chinese boy who works for Dr. Murray. After a tedious search he found him. The next task was to extract any information that the "wily Chinese" might have. After much questioning Ah Hin admitted that he had been spending the morning with Ah Oi, who had been gambling quite heavily. As Ah Oi is an "odd job" Celestial Chillingworth wondered where the money came from. Leaving Ah Hin at the station he started after the man of sudden wealth. He found the house but the bird had flown. In order to disarm suspicion he told the women of Ah Oi's house that Ah Hin was dying at the station and wanted to see Ah Oi. The ruse was successful. In the meantime the officer had Ah Hin stretched out on the table with a shroud over his body, and flour over his face, the latter being the pallor of death. When Ah Oi saw the supposed dead body of his "pal" his wonder was great, and his attempt at grief greater. Chillingworth left with Ah Oi and later returned to the "dead" man, leaving Ah Hin with an officer. He told Ah Hin that Ah Oi had confessed everything and as the story went Ah Hin was deeply implicated. The bluff worked. Ah Hin immediately told the tale of the robbery. Later Ah Oi verified his pal's story, with the exception that he said that Ah Hin entered the room and took the money. There are facts though that disprove this and make Ah Oi the culprit.

According to the story Ah Hin had informed Ah Oi that Dr. Murray was in the habit of keeping a large sum of money in the safe. The plans for the burglary were arranged. Ah Oi was to go inside, while Ah Hin was to keep watch from without. When the doctor was awakened by the turning of the key in the safe he reached out for his revolver, which he always placed on the stand near by. The pistol had been removed. The burglar was startled by the movement and immediately fled, leaving the greater portion of the safe's contents intact.

Some of the money was found in Ah Oi's possession. He has been arrested before on minor charges of like nature, and the last time served nine months for a petty theft.

### Good Show Given

There was the usual bumper house at the Orpheum Saturday night, and the show was well received. The programme was A1, with the exception of a couple of numbers. These were the cabinet act and the stump speech turn. The \$10,000 Beauty made a distinct hit, and is good for a long run. Post and Miss Dale are the stars in this. Miss Dale's Doll Dance was something new and clever. Glorine in fire dancing created great enthusiasm. Cunningham was a strong card in acrobatic work. Miss Graham's singing is liked as well as ever.

There will be a good programme again tonight.

### NOT A STOCK TOWN.

(Hilo Tribune.)

Auctioneer Stevens is trying to inaugurate a stock exchange in Hilo, but finds the season a little backward, or the soil too much of the nature of pahoehoe. After two or three auction sales held at noon on various days this week, the bidding has been rather feeble, and that confidence which has so boomed stocks in Honolulu seems to have been lacking. Olua has sold at about 30 cents above par instead of at \$2, as (so it is reported) in Honolulu. Nahiku only went up to 60 cents above par, while Hawaiian Investments went begging. There has besides been doubt in many minds as to the genuineness of even these sales, but Mr. Stevens denies most emphatically these insinuations, nor does there seem to be any good reason to support them. It is not at all likely that stock transactions will cut a very important figure in Hilo commercial life. The general bend of the business in Honolulu not setting a precedent which is eagerly followed.

For a perfect fac-simile signature stamp go to the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.

## Nervous Debility

is often one of the most distressing after-effects of the Grip. It may also be caused by overwork, worry, mental strain or excesses of almost any nature. Whatever the cause, a debilitated nervous system means that the nerves lack nutrition. Feed the nerves and life will renew its joys for you.

The best nerve food, and the most valuable tonic (because it both builds up the blood and strengthens the nerves) is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Hundreds of worn-out, depressed men and women have been made strong-nerved, ambitious, energetic and healthful by this remedy.

Among the well-known men of the newspaper profession is F. J. Lawrence, of 436 Fourth Avenue, Detroit, Mich., who for the past eleven years has been at his desk every day. He says:

"At one time I was in such a condition that my physician said I would have nervous prostration; that I would have to stop newspaper work or I would go to pieces if I persisted in doing it, as I was destroying what nerve force I had left. I lost flesh and had a complication of ailments which baffled skillful physicians. An associate recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I gave them a trial. I can't say that I received any benefit from the first box, but derived very good results from the second. They gave me strength and helped my shattered nerves so that I could get a full night's rest."

"A great deal of pain in the small of the back I attributed to a derangement of the kidneys. For this complaint Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People worked wonders. Soon after I began taking them regularly, the pain ceased, and I felt like a new man. I am greatly encouraged from the results of using a few boxes and am confident that the pills will work a complete restoration of my former condition."—From Evening News, Detroit, Mich.

Sold by all druggists or, sent, postpaid, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y., on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, 6 boxes, \$2.50.

## EX BARK W. H. DIMOND

I received a fine shipment of

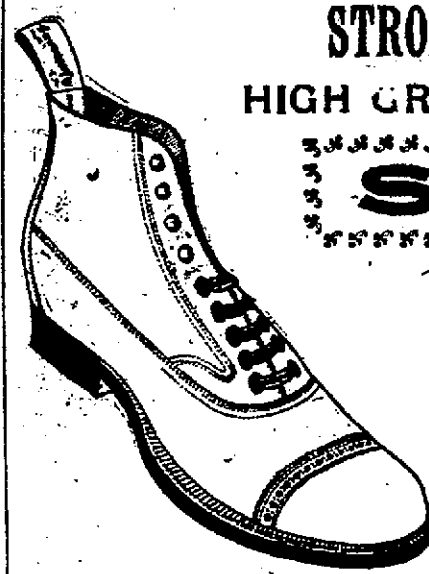
Carriage Horses,  
Buggy Horses,  
Hack Horses.

For Sale at Reasonable Prices.

## SCHUMAN'S CARRIAGE AND HARNESS REPOSITORY.

Fort St. Above Club Stables

## STRONG & GARFIELD'S HIGH GRADE SHOES!



### THE ABOVE

Is one of our most popular styles of toes.

100 CASES of their finest Footwear.

LATEST STYLES and SHAPES IN BLACK AND TAN.

WE SELL YOU

Shoes that travel the right path and save your sole.

MANUFACTURERS' SHOE CO.

SIGN OF THE BIG SHOE.



"The Pipe draws wisdom from the lips of the philosopher, and shuts up the mouth of the foolish; it generates a style of conversation, contemplative, thoughtful, benevolent and unaffected."—Thackeray.

## Hollister & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

American, Havana and Manila Cigars

TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND

Smokers' Articles.

Fine Grades SMOKING TOBACCO a specialty.

Cor. Fort and Merchant Sts. - - - Honolulu.

## DETROIT

## JEWEL STOVES

We are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

### MERIT JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

### EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.

### CITY JEWEL RANGE.

2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

### WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

### MODERN JEWEL STOVE.

3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

### MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.  
HONOLULU.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

## Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Bores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

Cures Old Sores. Cures Sores on the Neck. Cures Sore Throat. Cures Blackhead or Pimple on the Face. Cures Scoury. Cures Ulcers. Cures Blood and Skin Diseases. Cures Glandular Swellings. Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter. From whatever cause arising. It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pain. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones. As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles 2s. 6d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity. It is sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of non-standing cases.—BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

### CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England" are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" blown in the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd  
HONOLULU.

### COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SUGAR FACTORS.

—AGENTS FOR—

The Ewa Plantation Co.  
The Waiatua Agricultural Co., Ltd.  
The Kohala Sugar Co.  
The Waimea Sugar Mill Co.  
The Koloa Agricultural Co.  
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.  
The Standard Oil Co.  
The George F. Blake Steam Pumps.  
Weston's Centrifugals.  
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Boston.  
The Aetna Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.  
The Alliance Assurance Co., of Boston.







## Hawaiian Gazette.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY.....MAY 30, 1899.

## THE WAIKIKI SALOON.

The granting of license to keep a saloon on the Waikiki road, directly upon the capeway at the terminus of the tramcar line, was a most unfortunate piece of carelessness on the part of the Government. The building itself does no credit to the place. It belongs to that style of architecture called the "shanty." Across the face of it is an enormous sign presenting the words, "Enterprise beer." This sign, it is said, is easily read through glasses of those standing on the decks of outgoing and incoming steamers. The causeway itself furnishes the only grand view of the ocean on the Waikiki road. This view, combined with that of Maake Island, with its stately ironwood trees, presents the most picturesque effect in the city or its suburbs, excluding, of course, the mountain views. The land side of the causeway should be acquired by the Government, so that seats could be permanently placed as to front the ocean. Right in this scene of wonderful tropical beauty of ocean and land this saloon shanty has been placed, which is a quick reminder of the saloons on the outskirts of civilization.

Let there be a saloon in that neighborhood, if it is needed, but let it be placed at some distance from the road, on one of the side streets, where it will not be conspicuous. The traveler, who, after a long journey by sea, at last sighted land and a gallows standing on it, exclaimed, "Thank God! I am again in civilization," and he would surely have made the same exclamation if he had seen a saloon in place of it. But why place these evidences of man's crime and weakness in conspicuous places? Why make a loafing place of one of the prettiest spots in the city?

In justice to the Government it may perhaps be said that it granted the license without having its attention called to the location of the saloon. The license will expire before long, and it should not be renewed unless another place is taken.

## MILES AND EMBALMED BEEF.

The press of the Mainland that habitually denounces the President, refuses to accept the findings of the military court in the matter of embalmed beef. It pronounces it a whitewashing affair, and charges the President with organizing the court in such a way as to secure an acquittal. But the finding of the court will stand approved by the common sense of the country.

The court does not find that embalmed beef was used as charged by Gen. Miles, and it censures him for not making an official report on the matter the moment that he believed that it was used. Any one familiar with the industry of preparing meats, and the reputations of the great concerns who furnish it, does not believe that they were guilty of the charge of using injurious chemicals in the process. Their trade depends upon popular opinion, which is extremely sensitive in the matter of canned goods. They simply furnished to the army an article which was a staple in trade.

The finding of the court virtually is, that Gen. Miles lost his head. Why he lost it is not stated. He appears to have suddenly become prejudiced against the commissary department, and did, what is always a dangerous thing to do, dispose of the matter by an ill-considered opinion of his own. The weakest point in his case is that he never told the Government about it, but "went into the newspapers" and permitted them to flash the sensational stuff over the country and enrage the people at the treatment of the volunteers.

Perhaps Gen. Miles will now follow the example of Gen. McCallan, who when removed by Lincoln from the office of commander of the Army of the Potomac became a candidate for the Presidency in order to vindicate himself. Will the Democratic party nominate him? It certainly would do so if Miles could command a large vote. But he has not taken any glory in the Spanish war, and he cannot be pictured astride of a charger riding down a legion of frightened Spaniards. And he has himself become embalmed in history as a commander who lost his head, not on the battlefield.

The name of democracy are quick to see the masters. But the subordinate machinery of government forbids the commanding general to talk too freely to his masters lest he lead them astray. Don't let the people know that it is the wisdom of the inferior political leaders.

President McKinley is vindicated, but the report of the court is virtually

that when the nation "went a gunning" for Spaniards in the tropics it should have thought of the homely things as much as it did of the glory of storming entrenchments. It did not, and was in the predicament of the three small boys who left home secretly on a trip to the North Pole, of which they had read, and provided themselves only with a basket of buns and some molasses candy. But the homely things came quickly to the front when Uncle Sam went into Cuba, and the loss of a good many lives made him swift to realize the needs of the hour.

## LABORERS IN THE BRITISH COLONIES.

Lord Stanmore, the Governor of Mauritius, has established harmony between the planters and the Indian laborers.

The laborers are satisfied with the wages and are saving money. Some of the coolies are proprietors or co-proprietors in the sugar estates.

The British colonial governors are not always in harmony with the British residents and planters of the colonies who represent the mercantile interests, and are always clamorous for a colonial rule which will put money in their pockets, without reference to the well-being of the native inhabitants. Opposed to them is a powerful, though not dominant, party at home, which would be called in these islands "the missionary party." It has modified the harshness of the mercantile spirit in the colonies, and has, after many years of persistent labor, made the colonial rule an enlightened and beneficial rule. It is this party which strenuously opposes the British opium trade with China, and would have forced the Government to abolish it, if the loss of it did not seriously cripple the revenues of the East Indian Government. It has, however, forced the colonial rulers to govern justly, even at the expense of the British subjects in the colonies.

The ablest and most progressive of these governors have looked to England for approval, and not to the British subjects residing abroad. They have enforced the laws protecting immigrants, and some of them have achieved great success in improving their condition. They have recognized the British citizenship of the meanest coolie, and given them a certain protection. Time and again the British colonial planters have sent protests to the home Government against alleged arbitrary acts of these governors, but the "missionary" influence at home has usually defeated their schemes and forced them to live up to some measure of justice.

## A REMARKABLE MAN.

Mr. Henry B. Hyde, who recently died in New York city, was one of the most successful business men of his generation. At the time of his death he was the vice-president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, whose assets now amount to over \$200,000,000. Although he was not the founder, he became its chief executive agent when it was hardly known to the public, and soon showed great business capacity. When the trustees of the company fixed his salary and income many years ago, at \$75,000 per year, the public was surprised at this act of seeming extravagance. This was done before the period of large salaries commenced. It was at the time the largest paid in the United States. The managers of the association were far-sighted men, and had mapped out the growth of an organization beyond the dreams of even enterprising men. They counted on the enormous growth of population, and the desire of men to provide for those who survived them. This firm faith in expanding America was one of the secrets of Mr. Hyde's success. The results of his work at the end of thirty-five years surprised even Mr. Hyde himself. The command of several hundred millions of assets by a few men, to be cared for as the provision which thrifty or serious men make for those dependent on them is one of the striking features of modern life. Men like Mr. Hyde are invaluable in a community.

The subscription of the amount necessary to equip the Hawaiian exhibit at the Omaha Exposition should be made not for the purpose of direct pecuniary gain, but in order to show our fellow citizens of the Mainland that we are quite like them and are also civilized.

In spite of all that has been said and written about these islands, the majority of people in the States still are suspicious about our social conditions and too many of them have been misled in hate and prejudice to read a newspaper from the Mainland. The Omaha Exposition is another opportunity for us to show the outside of the West that in advancing the United States did a most creditable thing, and that it is a grievous mistake to class as among those who occupy the back seats in the congregation of the civilized.

## AT GETTYSBURG.

Thirty-six years ago Abraham Lincoln delivered a speech at Gettysburg which stands now in the hearts of men as a message rivaling in patriotism and wisdom the farewell address of Gen. Washington. Scholars call it eloquent and equal to the great speeches which adorn the most momentous occasions in Anglo-Saxon history.

The incidents of its delivery become more interesting as time passes. The opinions of the men who sat on the Gettysburg platform when the speech was delivered are now the evidences of the short vision of man, and the failure of Lincoln's able contemporaries to mark the value of his thought on that occasion. The rising generation should understand how fallible human judgments are dealing with current events.

Col. Lamont, the Marshal of the District of Columbia, and Lincoln's aide and attendant says of the occasion and the speech:

"Mr. Everett's address was worthy of the solemn occasion and of his great fame as an orator. He was tumultuously applauded. While the President delivered his few hundred words the multitude observed perfect silence. One might have been able to hear the proverbial pin drop.

"As for me, I recognized the brief address, Lincoln having read the first draft to me a few days previous. This took place at my house in Washington, whether the President had come to spend the evening. On removing his hat on that occasion a folded sheet of foolscap paper dropped out.

"I will read that to you, Hill," he had said. It is a memorandum of my forthcoming address. But, let me tell you it is not at all satisfactory to me. You know, I am driven to death nowadays; still, the public will expect a supreme effort nevertheless. I am afraid, though, it will be disappointed this time.

"What the Gettysburg audience thought of the speech I do not pretend to know. At any rate, the people indulged in no demonstrations; but we, on the platform, I am ashamed to say, felt much depressed on account of it. Mr. Everett, answering to a whispered question from Secretary Seward, bluntly said: 'I am disappointed. It was not what I expected from Mr. Lincoln.' 'And what is your opinion, Mr. Seward?' added Everett. Mr. Seward replied: 'He has made a botch of it, and I am very sorry. That speech was not worthy of Lincoln.'

"The Secretary of State then asked my judgment. I could only regretfully endorse the criticisms already passed, for I felt, with the rest of Lincoln's friends, that his speech was not up to the mark."

When it was reported that the address was received with cheers and sobs, Col. Lamont said:

"I am the only Lincoln biographer who was on that platform at Gettysburg. The others got their material second-hand, and among these writers were many, who, during Lincoln's lifetime, had run to their wits' end to blackguard the President. After his death they fell in with the general throng and lauded him to the sky. They positively invented so-called facts and incidents calculated to glorify Lincoln, and the apotheosis of the Gettysburg speech was only one of these maneuvers.

"I repeat, there were only perfunctory demonstrations of applause at the conclusion of Lincoln's remarks. Moreover, the President himself felt that he had made a failure. 'Lamont,' he said, shortly after it was finished, 'that speech won't scour. It's a flat failure, and the people are disappointed.' 'Won't scour' was Lincoln's favorite expression for lack of merit.

"Later on, at Washington, the President returned to the subject. 'Hill,' he said, 'I tell you that speech fell on the audience like a wet blanket. It distresses me to think of it. I ought to have prepared it with greater care.' Similar remarks I heard from his lips time and again in after years."

The newspapers of the day were very severe in their criticisms of the speech according to Col. Lamont.

"If a single word of praise was printed about the Gettysburg speech in 1863 I don't remember it. Most of the papers jumped on the President for using the phrase, 'the government of the people, by the people and for the people,' calling him a plagiarist. This charge hurt Lincoln deeply. When he spoke those words he never suspected that they would be regarded as original. The thought, you know, is as old as the republican idea of government, and this particular phrase had been a household word with Lincoln for years previous to Gettysburg."

Are our own judgments about the events of our times, of the men who in a measure guide them, any better than the judgments of Lincoln's contemporaries and friends?

The truly eloquent and scholarly speech of Edward Everett is no longer read. The present generation are generally ignorant of its existence. But as the mass of the people slowly comprehend the deep truths of Lincoln's thought and what the real meaning is of rule by democracy, and the vast responsibility it creates, that

speech takes its place in our literature as one of the best messages ever delivered by an American Apostle of the rule of the people.

## SUNDAY PAPERS.

The British public refuses to support Sunday newspapers, not because it is a more righteous public than the American, but because it has not abandoned its old ways of doing things. The American public will cordially support this proposition that it is itself at least equal, if not superior in moral worth and intelligence to the British public. And yet the Sunday newspaper has become a permanent and almost the best part of the current literature throughout the land. Some foolish preachers have had their fingers jammed in trying to close the door on it. Some religious newspapers have solemnly, but in vain, denounced its publication. It reaches now the majority of families and is welcome because of the high stand it has taken in furnishing excellent literature at the cheapest rate. Many people take only the Sunday edition of an enterprising newspaper in order to get the valuable material it contains. The best authors find some of their most profitable work in writing for the Sunday paper.

The American public, always more eager for news than the British public, naturally demanded these Sunday papers. The vast number of persons in the cities who do not attend church find in them both amusement and instruction.

Fortunately, the moral influence of these papers has been good. Few, indeed, are the preachers who can preach as well as the writers on these papers, because they are in the world and of it, and get nearer to the hearts of men. The average man who can read, understands the thought of the newspaper, but he does not, as a rule, understand the thought of the pulpit, because it gingerly touches on life, and persistently ignores the homely facts. The paper gives to its readers life as it is. The pulpit too generally gives it to its hearers as it is not.

Whether there should or should not be a Sunday newspaper is now only an academic question, because it is firmly established and entertains and instructs so many who refuse to enter the churches.

The British public is still under the force of its customs and habits of thought, which exclude what seems to be a profane act on Sunday. But this exclusion by no means indicates high standards of life. The English people, who discourage Sunday papers insist that the beer shops should be opened during certain hours of the Sabbath, so that the public should not go thirsty. It is therefore, not so much a matter of morals as of habit that condemns the reading of papers on the Sabbath.

## NAVAL PROMOTIONS.

There is much dissatisfaction among the officers of the navy about the promotions made for "distinguished services during the war." There are hard-headed men who are perfectly familiar with the exact history of the naval engagements, and have not lost their heads in taking account of what was done. The battle of Santiago is regarded by them as only a case of excellent gun practice. They know and say to each other that the Spanish fleet, with its smokeless powder and hitless guns, was not even a respectable foe. A distinguished naval officer, who recently visited this port, declares that the Spanish fleet should have concentrated upon one or two of our vessels and sunk them; that any naval commander with pluck would have done it. But the Spanish officers and men were conscious of their own inefficiency, and realized the result of the Manila fight. The affair is called a "great victory" over a weak antagonist, the victory of a mastiff over a pup.

Knowing, as these officers do, the exact nature of the service done, they see little "distinguished service" rendered by which certain officers have been unduly and unjustly promoted over others.

But the navy is at the mercy of a despotic press in the rivalry between the correspondents of the enterprising journals, success in powerful writing was rather more important than the close truth. Facts were exaggerated, deeds which would come within the line of common duty were developed into heroic actions. The descriptive powers of the correspondents were exercised to the utmost in order to supply startling news. Careful estimates of the real value of services of officers were not made because the popular mind demanded something "hot." The public got first impressions and made them lasting impressions. The Navy Department, after careful examination gave Sampson the credit of knocking over the poor, lame Spanish duck at Santiago. The public, influenced by the press, gave Schley the credit for it. The men at the guns have bitterly denounced Schley since

## Could Not Sleep IN LIEU OF TABLE

Suffered With Dyspepsia and Unable to Do Her Work—Completely Cured By Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I suffered with dyspepsia and could not do any kind of housework. I was very nervous and could not sleep. I heard so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I bought a bottle. I found it gave me relief and I bought six bottles. When I had taken them I was cured. I can now do my housework and can sleep well at night." MARRIE HAWES, 1730 Prospect Avenue, Helena, Montana.

"I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla excellent for building up and strengthening the system when it is in a run down or exhausted condition." MRS. SARAH M. SHOOK, Red Lodge, Montana.

If you have decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Is the Best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1, six for \$5.  
**Hood's Pills** act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

the battle. Then the public asks these fighting sailors, "What do you know about war?" and gives Schley the honor. The European naval critics say little about the victory, but admire the superb gun practice.

In the volunteer service upon land, the heavy shower of brigadierships does little harm, because the service is ended. In the navy the officers serve for life. Promotion is a serious matter to them. For many years to come brave men will discharge their duties well, but the feeling will rankle that a "grateful country" lost its head and did them much injustice.

## MEMBERS' SOCIAL.

Arranging for a Reception at the Y. M. C. A.

The Y. M. C. A. social committee, composed of John Waterhouse, chairman; George Howard, R. Weedon, W. L. Templeton, C. A. Elston, W. E. Pinkham, W. I. Madeira, G. W. Burgess and Louis D. Gear, met last evening at the Association parlors and discussed the program for the members' social to be given a week from Thursday night. It is intended to make this one of the most informal and enjoyable affairs yet given by the Y. M. C. A. Special care will be taken to make all the new members feel at home and to have everybody get acquainted. Among the numbers will be musical selections by a quartette; Elston, Frazier and Peachy will manipulate the guitars and mandolins; Johnson, Batchelor and Clarke will perform some startling feats on the horizontal bars and flying trapeze; Atherton will twirl and gyrate the Indian clubs. Invitations will be issued to members only, but will include the privilege of bringing a friend.

## A Birthday Party.

Will L. Peterson, the young financier, was 26 years of age yesterday, and Mrs. Peterson and friends gave him a birthday party at the home on Hotel street, near Punchbowl. The house is a fine, large, new one, and the lawn is pretty with trees, vines and flowers. The residence was dressed for the occasion, and the grounds were brightly illuminated. There was much excellent music, and dancing was indulged in. In the course of the dinner, which was quite elaborate, good wishes were showered on both Mr. and Mrs. Peterson. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Richly, Mr. and Mrs. Green, Mr. and Mrs. Wheatly, Joseph and Winnie Wheatly, all of San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. Ryrie and Mr. Hooper, of Moscow, Idaho; Mr. and Mrs. Gill, of Whatcom, Wash.; Mr. and Mrs. Richards, of Spokane, Wash.; Mr. and Mrs. Ellison of Vancouver, B. C.; Dr. Atchery, of Kauai; Dr. Jennings, J. A. Hurl, Mr. Weedon, J. B. Peterson, J. C. Peterson, William A. Cottrell and A. Robinson, all of Honolulu.

## Funeral This Morning.

The funeral of Joseph Nahale, the student who died at Kamehameha school last week, will be held this morning at 8 o'clock. Rev. Silas Perry will be in charge of the service, and Professor Theo. Richards will preach the sermon. All friends and relatives are invited. After the services the manual and preparatory students will march to the Inter-Island wharf, in military order, and will do military honors to the remains, which will go by the Mauna Loa to Kailua.

## Electric Power.

The McBryde Sugar Company will be supplied with electricity developed by the Hanalei falls, and the streams of Koula. The work will be entrusted to F. J. Cross, \$50,000 having been set aside for this purpose. In addition to Mr. Cross, F. B. McStocker, M. P. Stillman and J. A. Magoon will be included in the syndicate.

**MAPS OF HONOLULU, UNMOUNTED, 50 cents each. Maps of Hawaiian Islands, unmounted, 50 cents each. By Hawaiian Gazette Co., Von Holt Block, King Street.**

## Adaptability of Wireless Telegraphy.

Pointed out.

## TRIAL OF IT HERE URGED

A Claim that Marconi's System Can be Placed—Width of Channel—In Advance of Cable.

Editor P. C. A.: It has now been abundantly proved that the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy is—within certain limits, at least—a complete success. It is true that the distance—thirty-two miles—covered, so far, is not great, but the accuracy and promptitude with which messages have been transmitted and received between the South Foreland, England, and Boulogne, on the coast of France, under all sorts and conditions of weather, leaves no doubt as to its practicability.

Further, the complete success of the experiments between the South Foreland and the Goodwin Lightship, shows that many of the dangers and inconveniences of travel on the track less ocean may be eliminated, and we have reason to hope that the ships on our great waterways may soon be as easily communicated with as the trains on any of our railroads.

The system is also cheap and its operation is simple. According to the estimate of Professor Fleming, of London University, the total cost of the installation at the South Foreland would not exceed \$500. Here, then, is what we want in the Islands, a system which is cheap, accurate, and easy of manipulation. The widest channel in the group, that between Oahu and Kauai, is but sixty-one miles across, at its narrowest part. This stretch, according to Marconi's rule, would require a vertical wire of about 160 feet. All the other channels are less than thirty miles at their narrowest parts. Their cases could, therefore, all be met with wires from 80 to 120 feet in height.

We are much in need of rapid inter-island communication. The islands, as they lie, are eminently adapted for such a system. We have the cliffs standing on every island ready to receive the vertical insulated wires. We have the restless business men and plantation managers chafing over our isolation, when news delayed for three or four days may mean the loss or gain of as many thousands of dollars.

The cheapness and utility of the system is beyond question. Lord Kelvin has seen it, tried it, and given it the stamp of his approval. Many other eminent scientists have done likewise, but the stamp of Kelvin alone is sufficient to clear away all doubt. Sig. Marconi is still busy elaborating his system, and we wish this brilliant young Italian every success, but enough has already been done with the system as it stands, to show that it meets a long-felt want. I suppose we will have cable communication with the Mainland sooner or later—most likely later—but I don't expect we will ever see an inter-island cable. Wireless telegraphy will be able to meet all our requirements. Let us begin now and be able to give the big cable a hearty greeting when it does come. A little enterprising capital is all that is required. We are rich, and we own the country; let us furnish it in a manner befitting our importance, and our times.

J. A. G.

Kauai, May 22, 1899.

## GEN GREELY'S VIEW.

(Hilo Tribune.)

During the recent visit of Mr. L. T. Grant to Washington, he interviewed Gen. A. W. Greely, Chief of the Signal Office of the War Department, upon the subject of the Marconi wireless telegraphy with which experiments were at that time, and are still, being made. Mr. Grant's purpose was to learn as to the practicability of this system and the advisability of its being applied to inter-island communication in Hawaii. Gen. Greely said that up to that time the system had hardly been found practicable. They had succeeded in signaling five miles or so, though results were often dubious. He could not recommend it for island distances. He suggested, however, the heliograph system and requested Mr. Grant to furnish what data he could applicable to the subject, which Mr. Grant did by letter a little later. Gen. Greely's reply, given below, will be found of interest.

Washington, May 6, 1899.  
Mr. Louis T. Grant, Gen. Mgr. Hilo Elec. Light Co., Ltd., Hilo, H. I.  
Sir:—In reply to your letter of April 27th, I have to say that the data contained therein is not sufficient to determine whether or not communication by heliograph is practicable. The matter will, however, be taken up at once by this Department and if possible, stations will be established under the direction of the commanding officer of the troops. The final solution of the problem will be to connect the Islands by submarine cables, for which purpose a special appropriation will be required. Very respectfully,

A. W. GREELY  
Brig. Gen. Chief Signal Officer, U. S. A.



# A SISTER ISLE

## Plantation Activities the Feature of Plantation Life.

### THE GREAT PUMPING PLANT

A New Cane Carrying Plant in Use.  
Manager of Maunaloa—The Social Side—Shipping—Winds.

Maui, May 27, 1899.

Last evening, May 26th, the May meeting of the Makawao Literary Society was held at the residence of Manager W. J. Lowrie of Spreckelsville. The following programme of events was much appreciated:

1. Piano solo.....Dr. Sabey
2. Reading, "The Colonel,".....Mr. Andrew Adams
3. Vocal solo.....Rev. W. Ault
4. Piano solo.....Miss Clara Lowrie
5. Reading.....Mrs. Sabey
6. Vocal solo.....Rev. W. Ault
7. Vocal solo "Only One Girl,".....Willie Lowrie

After the refreshments Makawao people drove homeward, not only enjoying the entertainment, but the ride by moonlight.

Wednesday evening, the 24th, a large dancing party was given in the Wailuku Courthouse in honor of the eightieth birthday of Queen Victoria. The interior of the hall was prettily decorated, and lively music by a string band kept up the dancing until the "wee wee" hours. A fine spread was one of the pleasurable events of the evening. Messrs. George Cummings and George Hayselden acted as floor managers. A train was run bringing Paia, Spreckelsville and Kahului people. The entertainment was arranged by Deputy Sheriff Scott, Dr. Armitage, Dr. Weddick, Judge McKay and other British residents of Wailuku.

Saturday evening, the 20th, the Aloha Lodge, K. of P., gave a grand ball in Spreckelsville Hall, in which 125 residents of Wailuku and Makawao districts participated. The interior of the hall was made attractive by decorations of ferns and red, yellow and blue bunting, the Pythian colors. At one end of the hall was the coat of arms of the order. Mr. E. B. Carley, made an efficient floor manager, and the Wailuke Quintette Club furnished the music. The Kahului R. R. Co.'s train ran from Wailuku and Kahului. Dancing continued until midnight.

Engineer Stoddard of Spreckelsville has recently been appointed manager of Maunaloa plantation at Lanai. Having accepted this position, Mr. Stoddard has been obliged to forego his anticipated trip through the Southern States and Cuba in search of improved methods of machinery in the new H. C. Co's mill, soon to be constructed at Kahului. Apropos of this new mill, which will be the largest and best in the Islands, it is stated that the largest pumping plant in Hawaii net, capable of pumping 75,000 gallons a day, will be established at Kahului.

The firm of Fraser & Chalmers is putting in a large pump which will draw water from five wells at Maliko gulch for the use of Hamakuaopoko plantation.

The Haku Sugar Company has added another improvement which is attracting considerable attention. It is a wire trolley for the conveyance of cane from Kalaunui to the mill at Hamakuaopoko. Lahaina plantation has been using two such trolleys successfully. Albert Horner, of Hawaii, has a patent by which the pulleys which convey the bundles of cane downward can pass the different posts in safety.

Saturday, the 20th, the trustees of Maunaloa Seminary held a meeting at Paia. The bids by Honolulu contractors for the construction of the new school varied from \$32,000 to \$23,000. It was decided to give California builders a chance to send in estimates. The Seminary will close on June 21st. Two of the teachers—Misses Steele and Ward—have resigned.

A kindergarten school is to be established by Hamakuaopoko plantation. The old Hamakuaopoko Government school building, recently purchased by the plantation, is to be used for a school, and Miss Steele, now at Maunaloa Seminary, is to be the teacher.

The Board of Registration of Maui has been registering voters at Paia, Hamakuaopoko, Kahului and Spreckelsville during the week. The registration at Paia, Hamakuaopoko and Kahului is slightly larger than in 1897.

William White, Esq., of Lahaina, is another candidate for "Junamakuana."

H. P. Baldwin leaves Maui this week for a flying visit to the coast. He will remain in San Francisco about a week.

F. W. Beardsley, of the Oakland Realty Syndicate, has been in Wailuku recently.

"Kimo" McCandless, who has been recently at Haiku and Kihel, has de-

# NEW OLAA LANDS

## Plans for Selection Discussed by a Surveyor.

### MAY BE SALE AT AUCTION

Great Demand for the Lots—Long Term of Residence Required. Close Questioning Settlements.

(Hawaii Herald.)

The Land Department of the Government has practically decided upon a plan of disposing of the tract of land to be opened in Olaa. Owing to the enormous demand for holdings and the possible desire on the part of some of the applicants to realize largely and promptly the lands will probably be sold at auction to the highest bidder and a clause will be inserted in the agreements providing for a five years' actual residence. Mr. Baldwin admits that this will probably be the plan adopted, but definite instructions to that effect have not yet been received.

He said to a reporter for the Herald: "When I was in Honolulu a couple of weeks ago I had a conversation with Land Commissioner Brown regarding the opening of the lands in Olaa, and he suggested the adopting of the same plan that is in force in Hamakua, and I think the lands will be sold to the highest bidder to be paid for in cash at the time of purchase, or on the same plan as the right of purchase leases where interest only on the amount is collected during the term specified. The five years' residence clause will be inserted so that speculation can be, to a great extent, avoided. A man can buy land under the present terms and put on a 'dummy' to fill the requirements of the law for two years, but it may be difficult for him to do this for five years. It is this 'dummy' business the Government will try to stop. There is being printed in Honolulu a form containing a list of questions to be answered and sworn to by holders of right of purchase leases as the Government intends to ascertain as near as possible just how closely the law is being carried out. These answers will include the name of the holder, his residence and place of business, when he went on the land, how long he resided there and such other information as may be deemed necessary.

"Some people have an idea they can live and do business in Hilo or elsewhere and still hold their land; this is not correct. A man with a wife or family might live in Hilo and attend to his business here and hold his land provided his wife or his family had actually resided on the land he had secured under lease. Two places of residence will hardly fill the bill.

"Another mistake has been made by people right here in Hilo. They own homes in the town and have taken up Government land in Olaa or Puna upon favorable terms. The Government will not allow this under any circumstances as the agreements provided that they must not be the owners of other lands. When the time comes for paying up these people will discover their mistake to their cost.

"I do not know what will be done in the matter of settlement associations; those things are attended to entirely at the Land Office in Honolulu and all applications that I have received have been sent down. Under that clause in the Land Act not more than one hundred acres can be assigned a single family and not less than six families can apply for land to be set apart for their use in this way. My impression is that the lands must be occupied within three months from the time the land is transferred to the association. The only one established in this vicinity is over by Laupahoehoe, which H. B. Gehl is at the head of. So far only seven families have signed their intention of locating there; whether or not there are more to come I do not know. He took up 1700 acres, which means that seventeen families should live there. Eight associations have filed their applications for lands for settlements in Olaa, most of them asking for the same lots, and by actual calculation there would be just enough land in the lots to accommodate two and one-half associations. I have no information as to what the Department will do, probably a compromise of some kind may be effected or the Government may decide to give them land somewhere else. No definite time has been set for the opening of the land and the settlement matters cannot be attended to until this is done."

Flowers Will be Carried to the Mounds Today.

Observance of Memorial Day Under G. A. R. Auspices—Procession—The Exercises.

All the Government offices will close at noon today in observance of Memorial Day. Several of the stores will be closed all day and nearly all will close from noon on.

At 2 o'clock the procession of the day will form with the right at the corner of Alakea and Hotel streets. Headed by the Kamehameha School Band, the column will move at 2:30 p. m., proceeding to Nuuanu cemetery.

Upon arriving at the cemetery after a selection by the band, Post Commander L. L. La Pierre will read the first part of the Grand Army ritual. The prayer will be given by Chaplain R. Jay Greene. The concluding part of the ritual will then be read by the post commander. The graves will then be decorated. Loving hands have been at work for some time on the flowers and the graves will be covered with beautiful garlands. After decorating the graves the choir will render a selection, which will be followed by the reading of Lincoln's Gettysburg address by Bruce Hartman, Battery I, Sixth Artillery. The oration of the day will be delivered by Sergt. Maj. Edw. J. Wilson, of the Sixth Artillery. The speaker is known to be eloquent and will no doubt utter an inspiring address. Adjutant Copeland will call the roll of the dead, which will be followed by the firing of a salute. The benediction will be pronounced by Rev. W. M. Kincaid.

Everything points to a successful and appropriate celebration of the day. The N. G. H. will be in the column, headed by the Government band.

## CHINESE BURGLARS

The "Ex-Corps" and Partner Request Further Time.

Ah Oi, the Chinese who is charged with burglarizing Dr. Murray's residence, was arraigned before Judge Wilcox yesterday morning. With him was his accomplice, Ah Hin. By request of both defendants the case was continued to June 1st.

It seems that Deputy Marshal Chillingworth had quite a time in inducing Ah Hin to "play dead."

The native girls who live in the same house with Ah Oi were the first to see the "dead" man. Chillingworth took care that they viewed the "corpse" from the proper point, in order that they might not be startled by any movement of the eyelids or facial muscles. The Deputy Marshal calmly informed them that unless they told of Ah Oi's whereabouts they would spend the rest of the day and night with the corpse. That was the last straw. They immediately told how Ah Oi had left the house at 2 o'clock in the morning and didn't get back until after 4. This was a good beginning, and from that the detective deputy worked until he had landed Ah Oi behind the bars, with a plentiful supply of strong evidence against him.

A Noon Wedding.

The wedding of George Ordway and Miss Virginia McArar, celebrated at the Catholic Cathedral last Saturday, was quiet, yet pretty. The bride made a handsome appearance clad in a rich gown of white silk, as she walked down the aisle to meet her future husband. The groom also looked well as he clasped the hand of his bride. He was accompanied by his brother, U. J. Ordway, who acted as best man. The bride was given away by her mother, Mrs. C. D. Wright, wife of a prominent San Jose attorney.

# Sure Cure

## for Colds

### Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

When the children get their feet wet and take cold give them a hot foot-bath, a bowl of hot drink, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and put them to bed. The chances are they will be all right in the morning. Continue the Cherry Pectoral a few days, until all cough has disappeared.

Old coughs are also cured; we mean the coughs of bronchitis, weak throats and irritable lungs. Even the hard coughs of consumption are always made easy and sometimes cured by the continued use of

Your own doctor will explain this to you. He knows that wild cherry bark is the best remedy known to medical science for soothing and healing inflamed throats and lungs. You may rely upon Ayer's Cherry Pectoral to stop your cough.

Beware of worthless imitations. The name Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is blown in the glass of each bottle. Put up in two sizes.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Government offices close at noon today.

There will be horse racing June 10 and 12.

Oahu mill turned out 140 tons of sugar one day last week.

Walter C. Peacock will soon be in Hawaii for a short stay.

G. Schuman, Fort street, carries a full line of high and low priced harnesses.

The Healan! Boat Club will give one of their enjoyable dances next Friday evening.

Trainer Durfee reports that the condition of the horse W. Wood is much improved.

The inspector of immigrants Dr. C. A. Peterson, is back from an official trip to Hawaii plantations.

The Special Agent of the United States and Mrs. Sewall are to return to Honolulu early next month.

Rice has been "away up" for a couple of weeks now and there has been some lively speculation in the staple.

St. Louis college won from Punahou in the base ball game played Saturday forenoon. The score was 16 to 6.

The Queen's birthday ball at the Hilo hotel was a fine success. The day program was postponed or abandoned on account of rain.

The Waikiki water main is to be extended around Diamond Head to Kalaiala. The workmen are now nearing the lookout station.

A gentleman from the States has succeeded in placing several blocks of stock in a mining corporation here within the past week.

Kentwell, a student at Oahu college, sustained a scalp wound yesterday by striking his head against a step in the swimming pool. It was necessary to call a surgeon.

A native school teacher in South Kona, who has been in the habit of ordering liquor from Honolulu, has been "spoken to" by the Commissioners of Education.

E. Ellsworth Carey, not unknown to local fame in Honolulu, is now city editor of the Manila Freedom, of which Geo. H. Fuller is business manager and Don C. W. Musser, editor.

There was a good attendance at the High School last evening for Professor Rolfe's lecture on Hawthorne. There followed an interesting discussion on Robert Louis Stevenson, with mention of his residence and work here. Honolulu figures in several of Stevenson's works and he was very fond of Hawaii.

The funeral of Private Ellsworth D. Smith, of Battery N, Sixth Artillery, took place from St. Andrew's Cathedral yesterday afternoon. The deceased had only been on the sick list about a week, death, resulting from typhoid fever. The Rev. V. H. Kiteat conducted the service at the Cathedral. Wray Taylor presided at the organ. Ed A. Williams was the undertaker and the

Flags to Mark Graves.

To the Public. At least once a year all civilized nations set apart one day, sacred to the memory of those who have fallen in defence of the nation.

The patriotic societies of the city will as usual, pay respect to the dead and in order that the public may know the soldier and sailor dead, a small flag will be placed on each grave. The people will confer a great favor on the organizations having this celebration in hand if they will bring, send or cause to be sent, flowers for the graves that without the assistance of all must have but few flowers.

Strangers they died in a strange land.

EDWARD J. WILSON

Honolulu May 27, 1899.

Directors of Oahu plantation will make a special trip to the new estate today or tomorrow.

# The Elgin

## WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

### Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered. The Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in . . . . . NICKLE, SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H.F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

## TIME TABLE

### Wilder's Steamship Company

—1899—

## S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 12 o'clock noon, touching at Lahaina, Maunaloa Bay and Makana the same day; Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving at Hilo on Wednesday evening.

Returning, will sail from Hilo every Friday at 6 o'clock p. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona, Kawaihae, Makana, Maunaloa Bay and Lahaina, arriving at Honolulu Saturday night.

Will call at Pohokiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the Volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.

## S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesday at 5 p. m., touching at Kahului, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday morning.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once a month.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers without notice and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the Landings to receive their freight; this Company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live Stock received only at owner's risk.

This Company will not be responsible for Money or Valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of Purser.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

The Company will not be liable for loss of, nor injury to, nor delay in, the delivery of baggage or personal effects of the passenger beyond the amount of \$100.00, unless the value of the same be declared, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid thereon.

All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the pursers of the Company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

C. L. WIGHT, President.

S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Supt.

Session Sales—Morning Session—One Hundred Oolaka, \$24; 10 Oahu, \$292; 200 Kihel, \$16 25; 5 Pioneer Mill, \$285; 10 Ewa, \$390.

Afternoon Session—Ninety Maunaloa, \$24 75; 40 Maunaloa, \$10; 100 Oolaka, \$24 50; 50 Oolaka, \$24 25; 35 Kihel, \$16.

Quotation Changes—Twenty-six.

## Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

## Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

## AND Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave 24 hours or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA

FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

Gaelic.....MAY 31

China.....JUNE 11

Doric.....JUNE 24

Nippon Maru.....JUNE 27

Rio de Janeiro.....JULY 4

Coptic.....JULY 13

America Maru.....JULY 21

City of Peking.....JULY 29

Gaelic.....AUG. 8

China.....AUG. 15

Doric.....AUG. 25

Nippon Maru.....AUG. 26

Rio de Janeiro.....SEPT. 2

Coptic.....SEPT. 12

For general information apply to

H. HACKFELD & Co., Ltd. Agents.

# body was taken to Nuuanu cemetery.

The deceased was from Rochester, N. Y., 34 years of age.

There was a strengthening in the stock market yesterday of Olaa and Maunaloa and an advance of Oolaka.

The fast wheelmen will go into training at once for the bicycle numbers on the program of the Jockey Club.

Members of the Y. M. C. A. are invited to attend a picnic to be given on the 8th of June on the Oahu college grounds.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Maud Auld and Mr. Henry C. Pflueger to take place on June 8th at St. Andrew's Cathedral.

Attorney General Cooper's appointment of E. C. Winston to a seat in the Board of Health was approved by the Cabinet yesterday morning.

The band will play at the residence of Hon. D. P. R. Isenberg at Wailalea a week from next Saturday, in honor of that gentleman's birthday.

The band concert at Emma Square last evening was greatly enjoyed by the audience, in which was a number of the Russian man-of-war officers.

The location of the Kalihl pumping station is yet in doubt. All depends on returns from waters now being analyzed by Dr. Shorey, the Board of Health chemist.

At the Cabinet meeting yesterday the Holt property back of the Fort street school was exchanged for a lot on Richards street, another on Fort and \$3500 in cash.

The new Hawaii Railway Company was discussed at yesterday's Cabinet meeting, but it was finally laid over to Wednesday, when a decision will probably be reached.

Tom Morrissey, for over six years a driver in the Honolulu fire department is now in the back business and Neeley Boyle has taken Morrissey's old place at the Central station.

Kamehameha Day, June 11, 1899, falling on Sunday, Monday, June 12th, 1899 will be observed as a National holiday. All the Government offices throughout the Islands will be closed on that day.

The contract for building the Government road from Punahou to Hilea, in Kau, Hawaii, has been awarded to S. Nakau for \$2150. Other tenders were Isaac John Abu, \$2768; J. K. Kaula, \$2475; J. H. Waipulani, \$2360.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas B. Castle and Mr. W. N. Armstrong leave on the steamer W. G. Hall this morning for Maunaloa Bay, Spreckelsville, and Olinda.

Maui, where they expect to occupy Mr. H. P. Baldwin's cottage for several weeks.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, H. I., May 29, 1899.

NAME OF STOCK. Capital Paid. Val. Bid. Ask.

AMERICAN ASSURANCE CO. 1,500,000 100 .. ..

American Assn. Co. 1,500,000 100 .. ..

Am. Assn. Co. 1,500,000 100 .. ..

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# The Elgin

## WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

### Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered. The Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.



## HE TOOK POISON

(Continued from Page 1)

day I told him it would kill him if he drank it.

Mrs. A. Schmeden—I am Mrs. Schmeden, the wife of A. Schmeden. I saw my husband out at Waikiki about 2 o'clock. I came home first and he came home afterwards. I got home about 4.30 and he got home about 5 o'clock. He came in and mixed up something in a glass and drank it. This morning he tried to take it, but I would not give him a chance. I took it away from him. This evening after he took the first dose he asked for some water, and Rev. S. E. Bishop, being there at the time, handed him a glass of water. When he got the water he put some more of the stuff in the water and tried to drink it, but Dr. Bishop knocked it out of his hand. Then he walked from the house and while going out of the yard told Dr. Bishop that he was going down town to get some more stuff which could not be knocked out of his hand. I then tried to follow him but could not catch sight of him. I notified the police and they told me that they would send up some officers. When I came back to ask at the station house if he had been arrested they told me he was dead. He had been arrested and a Portuguese hackman had brought him home. I did not see this bottle with the carbolic acid at all. It was something else altogether that he took. I did not see anything that took place when the officers were up there, because I was down town. That is his handwriting in that letter marked Exhibit B.

M. S. Perry—I am a hackman. I drove A. Schmeden about 4.30 this afternoon from the corner of King and Nuuanu streets to the premises of Rev. S. E. Bishop on School street. He had been drinking, but was not drunk. We stopped at the Louvre saloon and he treated. He asked Harry Juen how much he owed him and Juen said that it was a dollar. Schmeden then told him that if he did not die that night he would pay him tomorrow. He wanted to stop at the Commercial saloon to get a bottle of whisky, but I told him he had too much already. Then we went on and when we got near the gate he gave me a note written in German which he wished me to keep and give to him tomorrow. He asked me to keep it to myself and not show it to anyone. When he came to get into my hack I could not say whether he came up Nuuanu or King street. That note written in German and marked Exhibit B is the note Schmeden gave to me and which I gave to the coroner.

Mrs. L. M. Cole—I live in School street and I know Mr. and Mrs. Schmeden. I saw Mr. Schmeden this afternoon at my place. It was about 10 minutes to 5 o'clock. I was in the kitchen when Mrs. Schmeden called to me and said that Mr. Schmeden had taken poison. She had a glass in her hand and she said "This is what he has taken." She then handed me the glass. I did not know what it was and so put it aside and told her to call a doctor. The glass contained some red liquid. I saw Mr. Schmeden running around and crying and moaning and some stuff was running out of his mouth. I asked him what was the matter and he said that he had taken poison. I asked him why he wanted to do such a thing and he said that Mrs. Schmeden wanted him to do it and so he did it. He then threw himself on the grass, moaning and saying that by 12 o'clock all would be over. Just then Rev. S. E. Bishop came and began talking to him and I went away and did not see him again till he came into the kitchen and handed me the key. I thanked him. Just then the police came and he asked me for the key again. I gave it to him, as he said he wanted to change his clothing. While going towards the door he took a bottle out of his pocket and drank about half of the contents, when the police officer knocked it out of his hand. I had called out that Schmeden was taking poison, and the officer grappled with him and knocked the bottle out of his hand and made him spit out some of the fluid. I mixed some mustard with warm water, but he would not take it. He fell on the kitchen veranda and a little while later was dead. He and his wife had been quarreling for about a week.

Rev. S. E. Bishop—Between 4 and 5 o'clock, nearly 5, I was summoned to go over into Mrs. Cole's yard in regard to this man having taken poison and making an outcry. I hastened over and found him lying on his back outdoors presumably unconscious. His mouth was discolored with purple stains. I examined him and found nothing unusual in his condition. I told my daughter Mrs. Shaw to telephone for a doctor. Schmeden asked me to help him up. He got on his feet and immediately fell over backwards again. I helped him to his feet again when he commenced to violently reproach his wife. After this he asked me to get him a glass of water. His wife went for the water and handed the glass to me. I handed it to Schmeden who was then standing on the veranda. He rushed back into the house with the glass in his hand and I rushed after him. He was in the act of drinking a dark purple mixture. I knocked it out of his hand and he changed his position and started out of the yard. He asked me to follow him and I followed him. He was as drunk as I had brought him to be. Just as he was about to go down the street he was taken by a seizure and fell. The doctor came and found him dead. The doctor said that he had been drinking and that he had taken poison. The doctor said that he had been drinking and that he had taken poison. The doctor said that he had been drinking and that he had taken poison.

roughened and discolored. It might be caused by permanganate of potash in a strong solution.

A Manase—I am a police officer. I was up at Mrs. Cole's place on School street this afternoon. I saw Schmeden up there. He was on the veranda. I told him to come with us. He asked to be allowed to change his clothes and said he wanted to go to Mrs. Cole's to get the key. When he got on the veranda he began to run into the house and I chased him and saw him drink poison. I finally succeeded in getting the bottle away from him. I tried to make him vomit, but he would not. My companion, Nelson, ran for a doctor and shortly after that the man was dead. In getting the poison from him it was spilled all over my hands. After a while a back came and we brought the body to the police station.

Coroner's verdict—That the said A. Schmeden came to his death at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on the 28th day of May, 1899, by taking permanganate of potash and carbolic acid with intent to commit suicide.

## THE 30TH OF MAY

## Veterans Hear the Memorial Day Sermon.

Discourse by Rev. W. A. Gardner—  
Special Music—Program for  
Tomorrow—March.

(From Monday's Daily)

At the Christian church last evening a special Memorial Day service was held. Geo. W. De Long Post, G. A. R., attended in a body. Rev. W. A. Gardner is a Grand Army man and had extended the invitation to the Post. The sermon was on an appropriate theme and was full of interest. The musical program had been specially arranged for the occasion and was well rendered.

Tomorrow afternoon the day will be fittingly observed. The program will be given at Nuuanu cemetery under the auspices of Geo. W. De Long Post, G. A. R. It will be as follows:

Music ..... Band  
Ritual ..... Post Commander  
Prayer ..... Chaplain  
Ritual continued ..... Post Commander  
Decorations Graves ..... O. D.  
Ritual ..... Chaplain  
Music ..... Choir  
Lincoln's Gettysburg Address—Comrade Bruce Hartman, Battery I, Sixth Artillery  
Oration—Sergeant Maj. Edward J. Wilson, Sixth Artillery  
Roll call of Dead ..... Adjutant  
Salute ..... Post and Escort  
Singing America Choir and Audience  
Benediction ..... Rev. W. M. Kincaid  
Post Commander—L. L. La Pierre  
Adjutant—Jas. T. Copeland  
Grand Marshal—N. B. Emerson.  
Chaplain—R. Jay Greene

The procession will form at 2 p. m. sharp, with the right resting at the corner of Alakea and Hotel streets, in the following order:

Government Band  
Troops U. S. Army and Navy  
National Guard of Hawaii  
Geo. W. De Long Post No. 48, G. A. R.  
Regular Army and Navy Union  
President and Staff  
Members of the Cabinet.  
U. S. Consul General and Vice Consul  
Citizens and General Public

The procession will move promptly at 2.30 p. m. proceeding up Alakea street to Emma street to Vineyard street to Fort street to School street, to Nuuanu street, to Nuuanu cemetery.

## Quick Passage from London.

A smart passage from London was made by the British ship Kilmory. A B. Milne which arrived in port Saturday afternoon last with general cargo from London. She sailed from London February 8th passing Dunceless on the 16th and from discharging pilot is 99 days out. This is one of the best voyages of late having been beaten eight days some years ago. The Kilmory carried away her fore-top-gallant mast in rounding the Horn, which caused a loss of some time. Had this not occurred the Kilmory would have recorded the quickest passage ever made from London to Honolulu. She is one of the cleanest ships ever sailing into this port rivaling the famous bark Invermark which when in port some months ago set all the waterfront agog with her spick and span appearance. The crew are as happy and contented a lot of sailors as ever hauled on a rope and take as much interest in the welfare of the Kilmory as the officers themselves. Among the cargo of the Kilmory is a large pipe organ and a quantity of bicycles.

## B Win Again.

The return rifle shoot between Corporals B and G was held Saturday. I again resulted in favor of the former team. The score was 775 to 752 giving B a margin of 23 points. The highest individual score was 195.

## ANOTHER CASE OF RHEUMATISM CURED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN EXPELLER

Mrs. M. Schmeden, of Honolulu, writes: "I have been suffering from rheumatism for some time. I have tried many remedies but have not been able to get any relief. I have heard of Chamberlain's Pain Expeller and have bought a bottle. I have used it and it has cured me. I am now well and happy. I am sure that it will cure many others who are suffering from rheumatism. I am sure that it will cure many others who are suffering from rheumatism. I am sure that it will cure many others who are suffering from rheumatism."

## LAND AND ALTAR

## Patriotism is Ably Defined From Palpit.

## REV. MR. KENCAID'S SERMON

Special Service With Display of  
Flags—Why Wars Have Been  
Fought Heroes.

(From Monday's Daily)

Yesterday evening patriotic services were held in the Central Union church. The interior was prettily decorated with large American and Hawaiian flags, draped at the entrance and about the altar and organ. The singing of the national songs was spirited, one of the most pleasing features being the singing of Hawaii Pono! by the Kamehameha and Kawaiahao girls. Following was the program:

Organ Prelude ..... Patriotic Melodies  
Congregational Hymn .....  
"God Save Our Native Land"  
Responsive Reading ..... 121 Psalm  
Anthem—Te Deum ..... Dudley Buck  
President Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech  
Prayer .....  
Hawaiian National Hymn .....  
The Kamehameha and Kawaiahao  
Girl Schools.  
Congregational Hymn .....  
The Battle Hymn of the Republic  
Sermon ..... "The Love of Country"  
Congregational Hymn ..... America  
Organ Postlude ..... Patriotic Melodies

Rev. Mr. Kincaid took for his text Ps. 137 5-6. If I forget thee, O Jerusalem, let my right hand forget her cunning.

This year on the 30th day of May wherever the starry flag waves, the United States will remember her dead and heap the graves with choicest blossoms. Reverently will the most beautiful flowers be placed on the grassy mounds, wherever soldiers sleep.

Patriotism is an old word. It is fraught with no merely secular meaning, but expresses lofty feeling and high inspiration. It was the voice of God that privileged to Abraham the possession of country, the first of the covenants, and the descendants of that same Abraham are now walking through the world seeking the open door through which they may pass to the land of their fathers.

We have been mainly a nation of peace. But all of our wars, from the Revolution to the one recently ended, have been filled with the spirit of self sacrifice, the heroic devotion to country. Already the Rebellion seems like a dream to many. A generation which does not remember the great struggle has already risen up. But there are some of us who can distinctly recall the thrilling hours from the time when that shot went whistling across Charleston Bay calling a great people to arms, to the time when under the apple tree of Appomattox, Lee laid down his sword. We turn with reverence to the great names that illumine the pages of those dark days. We turn with feelings of sympathetic sorrow to the desolated homes, the bloody trenches and the dreary prisons. Bravely they lived, heroically they died. Beyond the grave God has rewarded them. We will not forget those men who laid down their lives for the cause sublime, nor will we forget the lessons inspiring love of country.

There is in every humble breast the desire to be remembered. Oblivion is a state into which none of us want to pass. To be forgotten is the greatest sorrow of the death parting. This very desire to be remembered, to do something which will keep the name unforgotten, exists in the heart of every American soldier. To this call the Nation responds and every year, with tenderest blossoms, the graves of our heroic dead are remembered, the roll is called again. This is the meaning of Decoration Day.

From the deeds of our soldier dead we learn a lesson of noble self-sacrifice. The cup of water handed by Sir Philip Sidney to his dying comrade has been paralleled many times throughout our national life. Would it not be well to tell our children the story of our liberty and what it cost and thus inspire them with love of country? A nation without memories,

## NOT SO FAR AWAY IN CHICAGO U. S. A.

IS THE  
Greatest Mail Order House in the World.  
MONTGOMERY WARD & COMPANY,  
111 to 120 Michigan Ave.  
WHO ISSUE SEMI-ANNUALLY THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE

## GENERAL CATALOGUE AND BUYERS' GUIDE.

Contains 100 pages (14x21 inches), 14,000 illustrations, 100,000 words, and 20,000 prices. It is the most complete and up-to-date catalogue of goods ever published. It contains a full list of all the goods sold by Montgomery Ward & Co., and gives the prices of each article. It also contains a full list of all the goods sold by the other leading mail order houses in the United States, and gives the prices of each article. It is a valuable book for anyone who is interested in buying goods by mail order.

Montgomery Ward & Co.,  
CHICAGO, U. S. A.  
111 to 120 MICHIGAN AVENUE.

It has been said, is a nation without liberty. The glorious deeds of the nation's struggles are watchwords which bear a bulwark of defense around a people's liberty. We should hold ourselves responsible in the maintenance of those principles for which our soldiers died. "Go, stranger, and tell the Lacedaemonians that we fell in defense of our country and obedience to her laws," were the noble words of the old Spartans. Decoration day is not only for remembrance of the dead heroes, but for inspiration in upholding those principles for which our country stands.

We should look to the patriotism of both the present and the future. All men wherever the starry folds float, despite race or color, shall be free and equal—lest we forget. On this is our liberty founded. No man can be truly patriotic without being religious. The highest kind of patriotism is akin to the highest kind of religion. And it would be well when you teach your child to say "Our Father who art in heaven," to add "God bless and save our land."

In the morning Children's Day was observed. The attendance was large, nearly every member of the Sunday school being there. The sermon was adapted to the occasion and appropriate music was rendered.

## A Military Funeral.

The funeral of A. Schmeden, who committed suicide Friday evening by taking carbolic acid, was held yesterday under the auspices of Company F, N. G. H. The ceremonies were enacted at the undertaking parlors of H. H. Williams, Rev. G. L. Pearson officiating. There was a large attendance both of members of the N. G. H. and of employees of the Hawaiian Electric Company. The body was interred in Nuuanu Cemetery with full military honors, Company F firing volleys and sounding taps.

## CHAS. BREWER &amp; CO.'S New York Line.

The bark "Nuuanu" will leave New York on or about July 15th, 1899, for Honolulu.

Advances made on shipments on liberal terms. For further particulars, address Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby street, Boston, or

C. BREWER &amp; CO., LTD., Honolulu Agents.

## Just Received:

STAR-RETT'S FINE TOOLS.  
No. 77.

Also, Full Lines of

Leather,  
Horse and  
Mule Collars,  
Castile Soap  
Rubber Hose,  
Rat Traps.

A Car-load of

Garland Stoves,

FROM THE MICHIGAN STOVE CO.

—A FEW MORE—

Secretary Disc Plows.

Pacific Hardware Co.

—LIMITED.—

Fort and Merchant Streets,  
King and Bethel Streets.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS. A. W. WATKINS (to cure) Patent. The pills are all made from purest ingredients. They are sold in bottles of 10, 25, 50, 100, 250, 500, 1000, and 2500 pills. They are sold in all the leading drug stores and by mail order. They are sold in all the leading drug stores and by mail order. They are sold in all the leading drug stores and by mail order.

## Down Again

In prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

## We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

## CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

TELEPHONE 121.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne  
Original and Only Genuine.  
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne  
Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 1st, 1894.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne  
In a liquid medicine which relieves PAIN OF EVERY KIND, whether in cold, influenza, fever, without headache, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it acts as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne  
Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne  
Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles, 1s. 1/6, 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer,  
J. T. DAVENPORT,  
33 GREAT RUSSELL ST., LONDON, W. C.

## HAWAIIAN

Scenic Photos.

Whether you want to buy now or not you are cordially invited to inspect our stock of

## Hawaiian Scenes and Subjects

In the matter of Colored Photos we yield the palm to none.

A collection of a dozen or more of these neatly mounted and done up in a native made Lauhala folder, could not be excelled as a gift.

Should we chance not to have some desirable view we would engage to make it and be thankful for the suggestion.

See our display of Island Views in our Show Case at the Post Office.

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For tickets and general information apply to  
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SOLE AGENTS

## TIMELY TOPICS

April 12th, 1899.

The cool weather we are having now won't last long, all probabilities are that after this cold snap is over we may have hotter weather than ever we had before. If this is the case, we would advise you to secure some means of keeping your butter and vegetables fresh, and at the same time making your ice bill a small item of expense.

If you are open for suggestions let us mention a few things about our

## Alaska Refrigerators.

We can honestly say it is the best constructed refrigerator ever put on the market. It will keep provisions longer and use less ice than any other made.

The inner frame is made from perfectly odorless wood, and is lined with zinc, polished as bright as a mirror, presenting a very clean and attractive appearance.

They are also supplied with Patent Syphon and solid metal shelves.

Our space will not permit us to say anything more in regard to this article, so we would like you to call and inspect them yourself. We have them in all sizes and are from \$15 to \$50.

If you get more ice than your refrigerator will hold we would advise you to get one of our

## Ice Chests.

We also have them in all sizes, from \$8.50 to \$25.00.

We have just received some very pretty

## Water Coolers.

These coolers have wrought iron lining, with pure agate enamel, preserving the water and freeing it from metallic oxide, which is impossible to avoid with ordinary lining. Sizes are 2, 3 and 6 gallons, and range in prices according.

## The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Limited.  
307 FORT ST.

## Nothing So Bracing

—AS—

## PURE AIR

Everyone enjoys it; your health depends upon it. You can just as well have it as your prudent neighbor. Old and young alike endorse it.

## DISINFECTINE

With the heat of summer comes the foul and disease producing air from the cesspool, vault and cellar. You must be on your guard against the accumulation of trash, garbage, etc., it is dangerous to have around

## INSURES

No skill is required to have the air about your home pure. The cost is trifling and effect is wonderful. Disinfectine as prepared by us will serve the purpose

## PURE

We have it prepared in quantities to supply any or all demands. We will deliver to your home, if within the city limits, a trial bottle at 25 cents. Don't neglect to order a bottle at once

## AIR.

Those who are familiar with the article order it by the gallon, which proves beyond all doubt that it is the proper thing

Manufactured only by

## HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS



## AT THE EXHIBIT

Notes on Pieces in Kilohana  
Art League Gallery.

## A HIGH CLASS OF WORK

Oil Paintings and Water Colors—  
Hitchcock Tells What He Likes.  
Other Contributors

It may seem trite to name the exhibition now open at the rooms of the Kilohana Art League the best yet produced by local talent, but to the most casual observer a marked improvement over any preceding exhibit is felt, and, to one who has followed the growth of the league from its beginning, the appreciable advance is most gratifying and not a little surprising.

The present rooms of the league are larger and much better adapted to the needs of the society. The tinting and lighting of the walls are well adapted to the purpose and prove an excellent background for the pictures, offsetting, but not interfering with them.

The catalogue of the spring exhibition shows 104 numbers, of which 34 are oil paintings, 49 water colors, 16 black and whites and several examples of pyrography and wood carving, in all a very satisfactory and creditable showing, although the line of china paintings, usually so prominent a feature, is missing.

The largest single exhibitor is D. Howard Hitchcock, who also shows the largest canvas. His exhibit embraces a wide range of subjects and shows a marked versatility of treatment. His largest canvas (Konahuanui, No. 19), perhaps attracts most attention, and has already found a purchaser.

In a talk with the artist one is rather surprised at his expressing a preference for some of his smaller canvases. Said he: "That soft, wet evening effect (No. 20, Waialeale) embodies much of my inner delight in dealing with soft greys and quiet, subdued color as does the canvas next it (No. 23 When All is Sweet and Still), only, as you see, in a differing color note; the one cool and gray, the other soft and warmer in the subdued, mellow light of twilight, and it is these soft, quiet effects, rather than the stronger, that appeal most deeply to my inner consciousness."

The artist also mentioned Nos. 17 and 27 as canvases he enjoyed painting.

Turning from his own work to that of Mott-Smith, he spoke in the pleasantest manner of the rich, glowing color of that artist's work. "Alive," he called it, and of his ability as a portrait painter, of which the two studies, Nos. 18 and 24, are but indications of wider abilities, and which he hoped the patrons of the exhibition will have fuller taste soon.

Mrs. Helen Kelley shows a number of her daintily colored, pretty flower pieces, and also a number of landscapes in water color. The latter, however, do not equal her still-life and flower studies, which are always sweet and fresh in color.

Nos. 37 and 48 are particularly pleasing to the casual visitor. It is in Nos. 53 and 60, however, that one feels the artist has caught some of the spirit of art in higher lines, and all will look for further advance along these same lines.

It is a pleasure to have Miss Parke's clear, crisp water colors among those on the wall. Nos. 45, 50 and 65 are particularly pleasing in their clear atmospheric qualities and strong, sure handling, points that carry them much higher than many of the neighboring pictures.

Among the other contributors in water colors one notices the advance into a more free and broader style in the work of Mrs. A. Willis, who exhibits quite a number of studies and sketches.

A new name among the exhibitors is that of Mrs. C. F. Pond, and a promising addition to the ranks of local talent, judging from her water colors, which express a strength and feeling for color that many of our local painters may well emulate.

Other contributors to this truly interesting exhibition are Mrs. H. M. von Holt, Mr. Philip H. Dodge, Mrs. J. A. Campbell, Miss Irmgard Macfarlane, Miss Helen Jordan, Mr. H. Mist, Mrs. E. A. Jones, Miss Hoffman, Mrs. W. M. Graham, Mr. Walter Pinkham and Mr. Young Chong.

## Reform in Awnings.

Marshall Brown is calling the attention of shopkeepers about town to sections 245 and 1093 of the penal laws of 1897. These paragraphs include the regulations for awnings. So many of the protestations against sunshine are

at variance with the rules for construction and maintenance that sweeping changes must be made at once. There have been a number of accidents as the result of low or poorly constructed awnings. The law is that the awning must be seven feet in the clear above the walk, and that they must be "plumb" with the edge of the walk. The Police Department will enforce the regulation to the letter.

## Next Theatrical Season

The theatrical season here to be directed by Mr. McVay, late leading man for Janet Waldorf, will open probably on the 10th of June. The company will be a well trained one, to include a number of specially selected people now on the way from the Mainland. The repertoire, as now suggested, will prove popular. Some of the plays to be presented are: "Julius Caesar," "Othello," "Merchant of Venice," and for departure from the Shakespearean, "Monte Cristo," "Old Homestead" and "Confusion."

## HONOLULU JOINS

In Paying Tribute to Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

A young man went to a wealthy and successful manufacturer and applied for employment.

"What can you do?" the manufacturer asked, and the young man proceeded to tell of his ability.

"But I don't want to know what you say you can do," the gentleman replied. "Let me know what others say you have done; bring me recommendations from people I know and can trust."

It's the same way with the little conqueror and the public; people want to know what has been done.

Honolulu people are joining the myriads of others in making public the works of this little modern wonder, and what your neighbors say should convince the skeptic. The endorsement of citizens is the proof that goes with every box of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

Mr. W. F. Williams of this city is a lighthouse keeper, and he has held this position for the last thirty years. He says: "I was, for a number of years, one of that numerous army of people who suffer with their backs. Mine ached and pained me to no small extent, so that I was glad when I heard of a remedy for it—Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. I obtained some of these at the Hollister Drug Co's store, and took them. They gave me great relief, and I make this short narration of my experiences for the benefit of others who, perhaps, do not know that nearly all backache arises from the kidneys, and the best medicine for it is Doan's Backache and Kidney Pills."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box, for sale by all druggists; sent by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## Hilo Briefs

(Hawaii Herald.)

Henry Espinda, formerly of the Honolulu police force, has been appointed Captain of the Olua police, and will assume his duties in a few days. Mr. Espinda was an efficient officer in Honolulu for several years, and resigned from the force a few weeks ago. He is a son-in-law of Captain B. H. Brown.

J. U. Smith, who has been for several weeks ill with malarial fever, is just getting out again. He shows the effect of his severe illness, but is now, it is a pleasure to state, well on the way to good health.

Colonel G. F. Little delivered an interesting and common sense temperance lecture at the Hall Church last Sunday evening, Rev. Mr. Desha translating into Hawaiian.

The Roderick Dhu arrived in Hilo on May 20th, ten days from San Francisco. She brought a cargo valued at \$16,960.62, and the following passengers: Miss C. J. M. Jones, Miss A. B. Horner, Miss M. E. Horner, Howard Horner, A. F. Rooker, Geo. A. Hastings, Tony M. Salvador, M. L. Emory, M. B. Meabury, Geo. L. Young.

## COMING FIRST CITY

(Hilo Tribune.)

When the Collector of Customs for this port reports that the month of April shows larger receipts for his department than the whole of any previous quarter, even pessimists are inexcusable for indulging in their favorite occupation, and optimists have a right to feel encouraged and persevere in the same "sort of feeling." The steady and rapid growth of commerce, both exports and imports, has been from time to time commented upon in this paper, and it is gratifying to see that even in a time of apparent depression and sluggishness of business which has marked the last few weeks, that business is actually doing and that preparations are being made for an advance all along the line in the near future. With the new plantations under way, the new capital coming to promote them and the new railway and shipping lines to transport their products and open up still more country, Hilo can have confidence in the prediction of many who have visited us recently that we shall ultimately be the "First City of Hawaii."

Eczema, scald head, hives, itching of the skin of any sort, instantly and permanently cured. Doan's Ointment, at any chemist's, 50 cents.

## DR. TITUS M. COAN

Successful Career of a  
Son of the Islands.

is a Prominent Literary Factor—Well  
Established in New York City—  
Born at Hilo.

The New York Bureau of Revision, which was established in 1880 by Dr. Titus M. Coan, is unique in position and success. In a circular letter sent out by Dr. Coan its purposes and methods are explained.

They are, in brief, to serve both the artistic aims and practical interests of writers; and especially to aid all authors, whether experienced or not, who desire excellence in their work. It seeks to do this by the skilled revision, correction and emendation of all manuscripts; by letters of honest and competent criticism; by advice as to authorship and publication. The bureau is, in fact, a chair of English literature. It aids and advises beginners and collaborates with writers already skilled. In its letters of criticism it tells how the thing is done; in its revision does the thing.

The objects of the bureau are practical. The search for a publisher costs time and trouble. On agreement with the author, hopeful manuscripts, after revision are forwarded to the editors or publishers who are most likely to accept them. Books are seen through the press; good titles are suggested for author or publisher; awards of literary prizes are made for schools and periodicals. All work is done in consideration of a fee agreed upon by the contracting parties.

The circular contains warm letters of commendation from able men, among whom are George William Curtis, James Russell Lowell, Charles Dudley Warner, Joseph W. Harper and Edmund Clarence Stedman.

Hawaii has the interest in Dr. Titus M. Coan that he is a son of the Islands. He was born at Hilo, and attended Punahou College in Honolulu. As child and youth he gave great promise and has made for himself a name in the world of letters. His father was Rev. Titus Coan, one of the pioneer missionaries to Hawaii, who became known in the States as a writer on volcanoes and lavas. Rev. Titus Coan was very successful as a Christian worker among the native Hawaiians. The Coan and Bingham families are related by marriage.

## They Refused Duty.

Sixteen sailors mutinied on the W. G. Hall off the Kau coast last Sunday and refused duty. It was all caused by a dispute over a barrel of poi which the sailors took without permission from the steamer and went ashore to have a luau. Not returning on time, another boat was sent ashore by Captain Haglund, and the boat which the sailors had taken, together with the poi, was taken back to the steamer.

Afterwards another boat was sent for the sailors who came aboard in a sullen mood and did no work all the rest of the trip. Some half a dozen sailors, the remainder of the crew, had to pitch in and work extra. The captain and officers all took a hand and were boat steers and able seamen. The sailors who refused to join the mutiny were almost worn out getting the Kau and Kona freight aboard, and their wrists were swollen to huge proportions from constant heavy pulling at the oars. The usual cargo of sugar from Kau and cattle from Kona was finally loaded, and the Hall arrived in port on schedule time yesterday at noon.

## Serious Tumble

A native living at Puukolo was seriously injured last night. He had stepped out on the verandah running in front of the second story, and in leaning against the railing it suddenly gave way. He fell to the ground and sustained an ugly cut in his side, and internal injuries. He was taken to the Queen's Hospital.

## A RELIC OF THE WAR.

Many old soldiers now feel the effects of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson of Rossville, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, "and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for one dozen bottles." Mr. Anderson wanted it both for his own use and to supply it to his friends and neighbors, as every family should have a bottle of it in their home, not only for rheumatism, but lame back, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents for H. I. and all druggists and dealers.

SKINS  
ON FIRE

With torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humours, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single anointing with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, followed by a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humour cures.

## Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, London. PORTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "How to Cure Every Skin Humour," post free.

BABY'S SKIN SCALP and Hair Purified & Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

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MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS  
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Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Islands:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, <math>\Delta</math> FERTILIZERS,  
NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA  
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FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC  
Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Piro and Fish, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike and for excellent turn of soil condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for these Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

## C. Brewer &amp; Co., Ltd.

SOLE AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS

## VEDETTE WHEELS

Are good wheels; they are made by the makers of the great COLUMBIA wheel. We sell them at \$35.00; you get more than your money's worth. We received a few of these wheels and a good stock of the Columbias, Chainless and Chain, by the "MOANA" and they will be on sale after 7 a. m. Monday, May 29th. If applications for wheels are in excess of the number of available wheels they will be assigned pro rata.

Assessable wheels will be sold at \$55.00 and \$65.00 for Columbia Chain, \$90.00 for Columbia Chainless and Vedettes are \$37.50. Paid up wheels sold at \$5.00 less on the Columbia and \$2.50 less for Vedettes.

This stock (of wheels) will likely be largely oversubscribed; so if you want one apply for ten.

## E. O. HALL & SON,

—LIMITED—

Corner Fort and King Streets.

## Read the Hawaiian Gazette

## INSURANCE!

Theo. H. Davies &amp; Co.

(Limited)

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MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND

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OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

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Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co.

OF BREMEN

Fortuna General Insurance Co.

OF BREMEN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER &amp; Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea,  
River and Land Transport,  
of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO.

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks 6,000,000  
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North German Fire Insurance Co.

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks 8,800,000  
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The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also sugar and Rice Mills and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD &amp; CO., Limited.

North British &amp; Mercantile Insurance Co.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1897,  
£13,558,989.  
Authorized Capital—£2,000,000  
Subscribed 2,750,000  
Paid up Capital 687,500 0  
Fire Funds 2,750,519 7 6  
Life and Annuity Funds 10,127,670 5 8  
£13,558,989 5 9  
Revenue Fire Branch 1,581,577 5 9  
Revenue Life and Annuity Branches 1,578,611 1 0  
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The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

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